The World's Best Cycles and Motor Cars
can be obtained from
BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY.
HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Chronicle

The Leading Motor House of Asia:
BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY,
HORNBY ROAD, FORT,
BOMBAY.

VOL. II. NO. 289. BOMBAY: FRIDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1914. ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL
S. N. COMPANY.
MAIL ERVICE.

Date of Sailing	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
6th Dec.	Salsette	6000	Medina	12500
12th "	Persia	8000	....	..
16th "	Salsette	6000	Mongolia	10000
26th "	Caledonia	8000	....	..
1915.				
2nd Jan.	Salsette	6000	Malwa	11000
9th "	India	8000	....	..
16th "	Salsette	6000	Morea	11000
23rd "	Arabia	8000	....	..
30th "	Salsette	6000	Maloja	12500
6th Feb.	Kaisar-i-Hind	11500	....	..

TENDERS leave BALLARD PIER on the day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 p.m., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA and NEW ZEALAND.

These steamers leave Bombay usually fortnightly, on WEDNESDAY. Single and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to—

W. L. FIRTH,
Acting Superintendent.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
(Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.)
Incorporated in Japan.
To Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamers.	Commander.	Ton.	Arrival.	Departure
Jinsen Maru	T. Terada.	3785	29th. Nov.	10th. Dec.
Wakasa Maru	K. Itsuno.	6265	6th. Dec.	18th. Dec.
Colombo Maru.	O.Sakamote.	4709	13th. Dec.	25th. Dec.
Tsushima Maru	....	6712	16th. Dec.	21st. Dec.
HakushikaMaru	Naguchi.	4543	30th. Dec.	11th.Jan.15

For Freight apply to—
T. IBUKIYAMA,
Manager.
NIPPON YUSEN-KAI-SHA,
York Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

PHILLIPS & Co., Ltd.
WHOLESALE & MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS
BOMBAY & POONA.
Import Drugs, Chemicals, Surgical instruments, Chemical apparatus, Patent medicines and Druggists' sundries of every description direct from the makers thus ensuring the best of material from first sources—
Orders are solicited from Railways, Municipalities, Native States, Schools, Dispensaries and Families.

Flooring Tiles, Marble Merchants and Contractors.
GAZDAR & Co.,
Sole Agents for the
HENRY RICHARDS TILE Co.,
at, *CHURCH-GATE ST., FORT,*
BOMBAY.
Bath Tubs, Lavatories, Urinals, Bath-room Fittings, etc.

SHIPPING.

ELLERMAN'S
CITY AND HALL LINES.
(JOINT SERVICE)

SAILINGS 1914.

Steamer.	Tons.	Leave Karachi about.
S.S. City of York	7,834	7th Dec.

SPRING SAILINGS 1915.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Karachi about.	Leave Bombay about.
City of Paris	9,230	20th. March	22nd March
City of Cairo	....	10th April	12th April.
City of Karachi	5,573	....	30th April.

FARES.	1st. class Single.	1st. class Returns.	2nd class Single.	2nd class Returns.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marseilles	578	891	429	649
Londonvia Marseilles	653	1.091	489	780
Liverpool	605	957	462	784
London via Marseilles out from Liverpool.	..	999	..	737

Rates of passage and dates of sailing subject to alteration without notice.
Concession granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.
Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.
The A and C Class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess.
A and C Class steamers have Electric Light and Fan, fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.
The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.
Through booking in connection with Cunard Line.
Most of the above steamers are fitted with "WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY."
For passages and full particulars apply to:—
Bombay:—Messrs. Ed. Bate & Sons, Agency.
KILLICK NIXON & CO.,
Karachi: Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell and Co., Ltd.

BANKING.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.
Esplanade Road, Fort BOMBAY.
(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)
Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.
Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £1,100,000
Head Office
26, Bishopsgate, London, E. C.
Branches.

Calcutta	Chittagong	Zanzibar
Bombay	Rangoon	Mombasa
Madras	Mandalay	Nairobi
Karachi	Colombo	Nakuru
Lahore	Kandy	Kisuma
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Jinja
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Entebbe
Tuticorin		
Cochin		

Agents in Mauritius:
Mauritius Commercial Bank.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One Year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.
CURRENCY DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
are opened for Approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE.
payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.
DRAFTS.
are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia, Remittances may be by telegram.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.
Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.
JAMES SMITH,
Acting Manager.
Post Box. 141.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.
Capital Authorized and Issued ...Rs. 20,06,000
Capital Subscribed Rs.19,56,000
Capital Paid up .....Rs. 11,42,795
Reserve Fund .....Rs. 10,60,000
HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.
Branches—
Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyalpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Amballa City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkote, Patiala and Srinagar.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs 5 received and interest allowed at 2½ per cent. per annum.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.
CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected, and discounted.
For other particulars, and rules of business apply to—
SRI RAM, B.A.,
Manager.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.
(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)
INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS as follows:—
FOR KARACHI,
WEEKLY FROM VICTORIA DOCK.
Vessels. Tons. Sailing date. Time. Routes
LHASA, 2,134, 27th November, *Direct.
DUMRA, 1,695, Mon. 7th Dec. 11 a.m., †P.B. D. and C. M.
*On arrival of the English Mail steamer.
†Porebunder, Dwarka, and Cutch Mandvi.
FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.
T. S. "LHASA" 2,134 tons, on Friday, 4th December (Passengers only) connecting at Karachi, with T. S. S. "VITA" for Pasni, Muscat, Jask, Henjam, Linga, Bushire and Koweit.
FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA.
S. S. "VIRAWA" 3,360 tons, about 10th December, calling at Mombasa, Zanzibar, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.
FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA.
(Direct.)
Frequent sailings with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Strait Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.
Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.
Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier.
Bombay.
4th December, 1914.

BANKING.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED.
(REGISTERED IN JAPAN.)
ESTABLISHED 1880.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Yen 48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... „ 30,000,000
RESERVE FUND ..... „ 19,250,000
HEAD OFFICE.—YOKOHAMA.
Branches and Agencies at

Antung Hsein	Liaoyang	Pekin
Changchun	Calcutta	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Dairen (Dalney	London	San Francisco
Hankow	Lyons	Shanghai
Harbin	Fengtien	Tiehling
Hongkong	(Mukden)	Tientsin
Honolulu	Nagasaki	Tokyo
Kobe	Newchwang	Tsingtau
Los Angeles	New York	
(Cal. U.S.A.)	Osaka	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
N. IGARASHI, Manager.
Post Box No. 207.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

An irritated throat is quickly soothed by Zymole Trokeys. They increase the throat secretions and strengthen the vocal cords. Nothing better for public speakers.
180—B20

SHIPPING.

ANCHOR LINE.
APPROXIMATE SAILINGS FOR 1915.

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay about.
S.S. "Massilia"	5,091	J. Thompson	1st. Feb.1915
S.S. "Olympia"	5,124	J.L. Henderson	15thFeb.1915
S.S. "Scinda"	5,106	Wm. Kelso	1st March 1915

Subsequent sailings cannot be announced at present on account of the war but due notification will be given as soon as possible.
ALL STEAMERS FITTED WITH MARCONI WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.
All the four berth cabins have now been given up and in future only three persons will be berthed in the cabins that originally held four.
FARES.

	Single. Rs.	Return. Rs.
Bombay to Suez	412	627
Bombay to Port Said	446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	578	924
Bombay to London overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	652	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	605	957
Bombay to New York	841	1,429
Bombay to Cairo, including train fares from Suez	446	...

All return tickets are available for 2 years.
Concessions granted to Families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses. Missionaries, Tea-Planters, etc.
Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.
All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.
Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamers provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.
The advertised rates to Europe include free passage by B. I. S. N. Company's steamer between Karachi and Bombay.
Through tickets to America per Anchor Cunard Joint Passenger Service.
For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned:—
W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.,
Agents, Bombay.

CHRISTMAS 1914
ORDER NOW REGISTERED
AT
FELICE CORNAGLIA'S
MANUFACTURING CONFECTIONER & CATERER.
BOMBAY & POONA.
PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.
Telegrams:—CORNAGLIA. Telephone No. 42.

BANKING.

THE EASTERN BANK, LIMITED.
(Incorporated in England.)
HEAD OFFICE: 4, Crosby Square, London, E. C.
Branches at: Bombay, Calcutta and Baghdad.
Authorised Capital £1,500,000
Called-p Capital ..... £ 600,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ... £ 900,000
Reserve Fund ..... £ 55,000
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
The Rt. Hon. Lord Balfour of Burleigh.
Sir Jacob E. Sasson, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.).
Emile Francqui, Esq., (Director of the Societe Generale de Belgique.)
James Leigh Wood, Esq., C. M. G. (Messrs. Brown, Shipley and Co.).
J. C. Georges Bouillat, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris.)
J. S. Haskell, Esq., (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
G. Bromley-Martin, Esq. (of Martins Bank Ltd.)
BOMBAY COMMITTEE.
Sir Jacob Sassoon, Bart.
A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Bart.
BOMBAY OFFICE.
Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF 4½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
INTEREST ALLOWED on SAVINGS DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS at 3½ per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.
PURCHASES and SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on the usual terms.
SECURITIES received for Safe Custody, and interest and dividends collected for clients.
W. M. ANDERSON,
Manager.

THE BURMAH OIL Co., Ltd
(SCOTLAND.)
B. O. C. LUBRICATING OILS.
B. O. C. LAMP OILS. B. O. C. PITCH.
B. O. C. PETROL B. O. C. CANDLES.
B. O. C. MOTOR OILS B. O. C. NIGHTLIGHTS
B. O. C. GREASES. B. O. C. WAX.
BOMBAY AGENTS:
SHAW WALLACE & Co., Wallace Street
P. O. Box 803. Telephone Nos. 102 & 1439.

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GOOD DESIGN
GOOD QUALITY
GOOD WORKMANSHIP
make a valuable combination in any article worth giving as a Christmas or New Year Gift. We offer HIGH QUALITY at a low price rather than QUANTITY at lower price.
YULE-TIDE GIFTS
FINE JEWELLERY,
RELIABLE CLOCKS,
RELIABLE WATCHES,
WATCH BRACELETS,
FANCIES IN SILVER,
KNICK-KNACKS,
SILVER PLATE,
ELECTRO-PLATE,
POCKET CAMERAS,
PIANOS AND MUSIC.
MARCKS & Co., Ltd.
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ICO
When buying GHEE or BUTTER, you are not sure what you are paying for in this age of adulteration and frauds. Those, however, who buy our.—
I. C. O. REFINED COTTONSEED Oil have the satisfaction of knowing that they get not only cent percent. value of their money but more.
I. C. O. REFINED COTTONSEED OIL is not a substitute for Ghee or Butter but a substance par excellence suitable for cooking, frying, rendering, baking and salad dressing.
I. C. O. REFINED COTTONSEED OIL is now used by leading families, hotels, restaurants and cafes. It is highly spoken of by Surgeon and M R. Walness (Miraj); Mr. F. G. H. Anderson, I.C.S., (Collector of Surat.) Dr. Patwardhan (Chief Medical Officer, Palanpur); Prof. Dhakmarwala (Vice Principal of Bombay Veterinary College) and Dr. Harold Mann.
THE INDIAN COTTON OIL CO. LTD.,
HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

BANKING.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS' BANK LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE.—APOLLO STREET.
BRANCHES—
Mumbadevi (Bombay) and Ahmedabad.
Interest on fixed deposits for 12 months at 5 per cent. p.m. Savings Bank 4 per cent.
Current accounts on daily balances 3 per cent, at Bombay.
Rates for short deposits and information regarding terms of any other Banking business to be ascertained on application.
JAINARAYAN HINDUMAL DANI,
Managing Director.

BANK OF BOMBAY.
SAVINGS BANK.
The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—
Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January, to 31st December.
Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed at the rate of three per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 5,000.
Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.
J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

BANKING.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES' ACT VI OF 1882.
HEAD OFFICE.—ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID UP ..... Rs. 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Rs. 5,00,000
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 31st and at 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.
Transacted, rules for which can be obtained on application.
H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

Free! Free!! Free!!!
Rai Shaheb Dr. K. C. Das's
HEALTH LITERATURE.
The most up-to-date Science of Health to Young and Old. Distributed gratis or post free. Apply to:—
THE SWASTHYA SAHAI PHARMACY
30/2, Harrison Road, CALCUTTA

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

"WANTED," "TO LET" and "FOR SALE" Advertisements are charged at the following rates WHICH MUST BE PREPAID:—
ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding twenty words, Re. 1 per insertion; every additional line (six words) or part of a line 4 annas. Headings count as two lines.
Advertisers are requested to send remittance with copy of advertisement to avoid delay in publication.
Advertisers are requested to note that the publishers cannot undertake to send Replies to Advertisements unless a sufficient amount is prepaid to cover Postage. Replies can always be obtained at the Office on production of the Voucher given between the hours of 11 a.m., and 5 p.m.

SPECIAL CONTRACT RATES
may be had on application to—
The Manager "Bombay Chronicle."

MADAME GRINDLAY & SON, Dry. Cleaners and Dyers, 3, Victoria Cross Road, Byculla. Orders also received at Madame Semloh's, Milliners, opposite Hotel Majestic, Bombay. 3050

DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE Economics, Law and Banking. The Premier College in India patronised by Princes, and recognised by other High Authorities. Best Examination results, 80. Esplanade Road. 832.

YOUR PIANO—Does it need tuning or repairing. We place the services of thoroughly competent workmen at your disposal. Our charges are moderate and whatever we do for your instrument we guarantee it will be done as well as it is possible. MARCKS AND CO., LTD., Bombay and Poona, Agents for the World-known Bluthner Pianos.

PIANOS:—MR. A. F. SOUNDY having severed his connections with MESSRS. SOUNDY & CO., LTD., Music Warehouse, is now prepared to undertake TUNINGS and REPAIRS to all makes of PIANOS, ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, etc. Satisfaction guaranteed. Apply A. F. SOUNDY, "Sea Croft," Colaba Reclamation, Bombay. 2454.

WANTED.

WANTED.—2 FURNISHED ROOMS (bed room and sitting room) with use of bath room on ground floor in Fort. Private entrance preferred. Reply to Box No. 557, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3050

WANTED—A fully trained European Nurse is required for the Imambarah Hospital, Chinsurah, E. I. Railway.
Salary Rs. 130—5—140 with furnished quarters, etc., and two months leave in the year.
Apply to—
H. B. FOSTER, Major I.M.S.,
Superintendent, Imambarah Hospital.
3051

WANTED—For January next at La Martiniere College, Lucknow, an ASSISTANT MASTER to teach general form subjects in Middle or Primary Classes. Preference for a trained teacher specially qualified to teach Drawing; age not above 35. Salary Rs. 150-10-200 p.m., with free quarters and benefit of Provident Fund. Apply by letter stating age, qualifications, etc. to—
THE PRINCIPAL & SECRETARY,
La Martiniere College,
Lucknow.
3068

WANTED a LADY TUTOR and GOVERNESS for the two Raj Kumaries, daughters of the Hon. the Rajah of Kakina, Bengal Dooars. Must be purely British and able to teach girls up to English Public School final standard, including Piano and singing. Those possessing Home training and belonging to the Church of England will be preferred. Salary Rs. 100 with free board and lodging. The Raj Family generally spends the summer in the hills. Applications, stating all particulars, age, past services and accompanied by copies of testimonials (which will not be returned) references and photos, will be received by the PRIVATE SECRETARY, Kakina Raj, Kakina, B. D. Ry., until the 12th of December. 3065

WANTED.—The services of sixty well educated, active men between the ages of 20 and 40, are immediately required for service, in the 4th (Quetta) Division, in the Supply and Transport Corps:—
(A) DISTRIBUTION AND PAY.
At Quetta 30 Assistants on Rs. 100 p. m. each, maximum.
At Karachi 29 Assistants on Rs. 80 p. m. each, maximum.
At Hyderabad (Sind) 1 Assistant on Rs. 80 p. m. maximum.
(B) SECURITY:—A security in cash of Rs. 700 per Rs. 50, pay will be required from each Assistant.
(C) PERIOD OF SERVICE: During the duration of the present War.
(D) DUTIES:—The receipt, care and issue of stores and all accounts connected therewith. A certain number of men are required for duties in connection with the supervision and care of Transport animals.
(E) QUALIFICATIONS:—Assistants must have sound general knowledge of English and write a good hand. A commercial experience will be deemed an advantage. A certificate of medical fitness from a qualified practioner should accompany all applications.
(F) Travelling expenses to destination of selected candidates will be paid at 25 per cent. on second class railway fare.
(G) PROSPECTS:—Proficiency pay upto 50 will be granted at the direction of the General Officer Commanding 4th (Quetta) Division.
Applicants should state their age, religion and qualifications in their own handwriting and give the names of two references.
All communications should be addressed to THE ASSISTANT DIRECTOR OF SUPPLIES AND TRANSPORT, 4th (Quetta) Division Quetta.

WANTED.

WANTED at Apollo Bunder or Colaba a furnished flat for six or twelve months or even longer. Apply to Box No. 1066 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4614

A EUROPEAN HAIR DRESSER will attend gentlemen at their residence by appointment. Telephone 2704 or by letter. H. GIAMCOMO, 58 Watson's Annexe, Bombay. Charge annas twelve. 3079

KASHMIR—Required a few PAYING GUESTS in Srinagar for winter months. Gulmarg in early spring. Apply to Box No. 1062 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4608

WANTED.—For a FIRST CLASS INDIAN LIFE OFFICE with Head Office in Bombay, Agents and sub-agents for the Mofussil on salary and commission. Apply stating experience to Box No. 1063, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4609

WANTED EMPLOYMENT, by well educated Italian in any capacity. Sound knowledge of export and import, and general office routine, willing to accept moderate salary. Apply to "M. L." Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3045

WANTED.—A TELEPHONE LINES. MAN with experience of erecting and maintaining Telephone Installations, repairing Instruments, etc. Apply giving particulars of experience and salary required, to Box No. 1065, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 4613

WANTED SERVICE by well educated Bengali as manager of Zamindari and landed properties in any part of India. Possessed of long experience in the line and expert knowledge of litigation. At present in the employment of a nobleman. Apply to "LAND MANAGER" Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3080

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE a VIS-A-VIS with spider wheels in good condition. Apply to Box No. 558 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 3049

GENTLEMEN going home and wishing to Sell Furniture, etc., are requested to write to Advertiser Reasonably good prices offered. Write to Box No. 1064, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."

FURNITURE ON HIRE.—Up-to-date and smartly designed furniture for four bedrooms, dining and drawing room, including crockery. Rs. 100 per mensem. Apply to Box No. 1058 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 4596

FOR SALE.—OLIVER TYPEWRITERS No. 3 Model Rs. 115 each, No. Model Rs. 165 each. The above are in first class order and guaranteed having been thoroughly renovated.
W. H. THORNS & Co.,
369-371, Hornby Road,
4582 BOMBAY.

FOR SALE.—90 h.p. MERCEDES CAR 1913 model with Touring body by Morgan; complete with hood, screen, C. A. V. Dynamo lighting outfit, luggage carrier, Speedometer, Clocks, horn, tools, etc. In good running order. Bargain price for quick sale Rs. 7,500. No offers. Apply to LORD EDWARD FITZGERALD, 4607 Taj Mahal Hotel.

TO BE LET.

HIGH CLASS Boarding House for Visitors, terms moderate. Apply Mrs. OWEN EVANS, 10, Staunton Road, Poona. 3049

AVAILABLE TWO AIRY ROOMS, with bathrooms, private entrance. With or without board. Healthy locality in Byculla—tram and train convenient. Apply to Box No. 555 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3069

A LADY has superior accommodation for two gentlemen as paying guests in one of the best parts of Byculla, in the vicinity of the Byculla Club. Apply to Box No. 554, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3082

TO LET—Two pleasant unfurnished rooms facing the open sea at a Villa in Bandra. Suit a bachelor (European). Rent moderate. With or without board. Apply Box No. 553, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3094

TO BE LET from 15th December, spacious westerly facing Office Premises in York Building, Hornby Road. Rent Rs. 250/-. For particulars apply to Mr. MISTRI, Navsari Buildings, Fort. 4552

TO BE LET.—THIRD FLOOR (one big hall two side rooms and one cook room etc.) and FOURTH FLOOR (one hall and three small rooms) open on East and West in Goculdas Tejpal Girls' School, Hornby Road Apply to SECRETARY G. T. Charities, Holi Chakla, Fort. 4615

NOTICES.

"SIGNS OF THE TIMES"
IN FULFILLED AND FULFILLING PROPHECY
Will be the subject of
THE NEW HALL SERMON,
Sunday, 6th December, 1914, at 6-30 p.m.
THE NEW HALL, Apollo Bunder, Opposite Watson's Annexe.
You are welcome.

NOTICES.

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY.

WANTED 500 tons of good CAST IRON SCRAP. Offers to be sent to the Chief Storekeeper, B. B. & C. I. Railway, Mahalaxmi, on or before MONDAY, December 7th, stating quantity available, rate, class of scrap and where it may be seen.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.
IN INSOLVENCY.
No. 746 of 1914.

Re KALIANJI UMERSY, VALABDAS KALIANJI and JETHALAL JAMNADAS, trading under the name and style of VALABHDAS KALIANJI at Dana Bunder, outside the Fort of Bombay. .....Debtors.

WHEREAS the abovenamed KALIANJI UMERSY, VALABDAS KALIANJI and JETHALAL JAMNADAS have been this day duly adjudged to have committed acts of Insolvency under Section IX of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909), and whereas the said Valabdas Kalianji and Jethalal Jamnadas have been this day adjudged Insolvents. It is ordered that all the estate and effects of the said Insolvents do vest in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, and it is further ordered that the said Insolvents do, immediately after the service of the order of adjudication upon them, attend the Office of the said Official Assignee.
Dated this 2nd day of December, 1914.
R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.
Chief Clerk's Office, High Court, Fort, Bombay, this 3rd December, 1914.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.
IN INSOLVENCY.
No. 744 of 1914.

Re NUR MAHOMED MOOSA TYEB ALLANA, AHMED DADA, HABIB NUR MAHOMED, MAHOMED NUR MAHOMED ADAM NUR MAHOMED OOMER MOOSA and KARIM MOOSA, carrying on business under the name, style and firm of KARIM MOOSA; adjudged Insolvents.

WHEREAS the abovenamed NUR MAHOMED MOOSA TYEB ALLANA, AHMED DADA HABIB NUR MAHOMED, MAHOMED NUR MAHOMED ADAM NUR MAHOMED OOMER MOOSA, KARIM MOOSA and their firm of Karim Moosa have been this day duly adjudged to have committed acts of Insolvency under Section IX of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909). It is ordered that all the estate and effects of the said Insolvents do vest in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, and it is further ordered that the said Insolvents do, immediately after the service of the order of adjudication upon them, attend the Office of the said Official Assignee.
Dated this 2nd day of December, 1914.
R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.
Chief Clerk's Office, High Court, Fort, Bombay, this 3rd December, 1914. 4617

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for an installation at the NEW LECTURE THEATRE, Grant Medical College, Bombay.
Contract documents may be obtained on payment of Re. 1 and plans may be seen at the office of the Electrical Engineer to Government, Ridge Road, Malabar Hill.
Tenders will be received up to 16th December, 1914, and will be opened at noon on that date at the Electrical Engineer's Office.
Rs. 210 must accompany the tender as Earnest Money.
The acceptance of the tender will rest with the Undersigned who reserves authority for rejecting all or any tender without assigning his reason for doing so.
ELECTRICAL ENGINEER to GOVERNMENT
4605 Ridge Road, Malabar Hill.

AUCTION SALE.

CRAWFORD & CO.
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
16, Apollo Street, Fort.
Telephone No. 521.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES, AT TANDEL STREET AND NISHANPADA ROAD, WITHOUT THE FORT OF BOMBAY.
Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.
H. C. Suit No. 284 of 1914.
Gulam Ally Mahomed Sajan .....Plaintiff
vs.
Mahomed Cassum Dharamsey and others ..: Defendants.

Under instructions from Mr. Jafferbhai Dattu the Receiver appointed in the above suit and pursuant to the decree made in the above suit on the 7th day of November 1914, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell

AUCTION SALE.

CRAWFORD & Co.—(*Contd.*)

by public auction the following landed properties on the following days, times and places, mentioned against each lot.

LOT NO. 1 TANDEL STREET PROPERTY.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY THE 4TH DECEMBER, 1914, AT 5 P. M. (S. T.) ON THE PREMISES.
Particulars:—All that piece or parcel of vacant land or ground situate on the west side of Tandel Street, outside the Fort of Bombay, admeasuring 232 square yards or thereabouts and bounded on the north by the property of Abdul Gany, on the south by the property of Nenseybhai Morarji on the east by the said Tandel Street and on the west by the Mahomedan burial ground and which land is held under Fazendari tenure and forms part of a larger piece of ground, bearing Collector's old No. 20, new No. 143, old survey Nos. 2168, 2173 and new survey No. 3107, and which premises are assessed by the assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under "B" Ward No. 3299, street No. 150-154.

LOTS 2 AND 3 NISHANPADA ROAD PROPERTIES.—

TO-MORROW SATURDAY, THE 5TH DECEMBER, 1914, AT 5 P. M. (S. T.) ON THE PREMISES.
Particulars:—All those two pieces or parcels of land adjoining each other together with the messuages, tenements, or dwelling houses, standing thereon, situate on the west side of Nishanpada Road outside the Fort of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 372 square yards and 193 square yards, respectively (or a total area of 565 square yards) or thereabouts and bounded on the north by the property of the city of Bombay Improvement Trust, on the south by the property of Jaffer Mahomed Mistry, on the east by the said Nishanpada Road and on the west by the property of the city of Bombay Improvement Trust and which said pieces of land are held under Fazendari tenure and form part of Collector's old No. 704, new No. 3205, old survey No. 1948 and new survey No. 3122, 3123 and 2/3159 and which premises are assessed by the assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under "B" Ward Nos. 2913 and 2914 and street Nos. 150-154 and 156.
For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Captain and Vaidya, solicitors for the said Receiver at their office at old Agra Bank Buildings No. 121, Esplanade Road Fort, Bombay.
CRAWFORD & Co.,
Auctioneers
Bombay, 4th December, 1914.

MEHTA & CO.

On Government & G. I. P. Railway Lists.
No. 63 Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay.
Telephone No. 1285.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES AT JAIL ROAD AND UMERKHADY STREET.
Under instructions from the Mortgagees Messrs. Kupaji Premaji & Co., and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Jijaba Sakharam, Messrs. MEHTA & Co., will sell by Public Auction the following valuable landed properties on the premises at the undermentioned dates and times.
Lot No. 1:—DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY JAIL ROAD, PROPERTY. ON WEDNESDAY, 16TH DECEMBER, AT 4-30 P. M. (S. T.).
All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate at Jail Road south outside the Fort and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement twenty feet and six inches in breadth and forty-seven feet in length be the same little more or less assesed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward No. 3430 and Street No. 57-59 and New Survey No. 3167 and bounded on the east by the property of Khoja Karimji Nanji, on the west by the small passage appertaining to the house of Balgovan Hargovan, on the north by the said Jail Road south and on the south by the sweeper's passage and which premises are at present in the occupation of the said mortgagors and their tenants.

Lot No. 2:—UMERKHADI STREET PROPERTY ON WEDNESDAY, THE 16TH INSTANT, AT 5 P. M. (S. T.).
All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate at Umerkhadi Street outside the Fort and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement two hundred and ten and three-nine (210 3/9) square yards or thereabouts assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward No. 3578 and Street No. 8-10 and New Survey No. 3645 and bounded on the east by the house of Mohanlal Chhaganlal on the west by the house of Balgovan Hargovan, on the north by the sweeper's passage, and on the south by the said Umerkhadi Street and which said premises are at present in the occupation of the tenants the said mortgagor.
For further particulars, conditions of sale and inspection of Title Deeds, apply to Messrs. Khunderao Laud and Mehta, attorneys for the mortgagees at their office, No. 57, Esplanade Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.
MEHTA & Co.
Auctioneers.
Bombay, December 4th.

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR.
Gen. Manager.....Mr. James McGrath
LAST 2 NIGHTS ! ! !
THE
'GROTESQUES
INCLUDING
Mr. Fred. Winn.
(From the Palace Theatre, London
IN A COMPLETE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.
The nightly performances will consist of full Programme of Musical Numbers, solo and concerted, and in addition, the Company will play two Burlesques as follows:—
Friday Dec. 4th } "THE TELEPHONE BELLE" AND "FISHING."
Saturday Dec. 5th Last and Farewell Performance
CONSISTING OF ALL THE POPULAR ITEMS OF THE COMPANY'S REPERTOIRE.
Doors open at 8-30 p. m.
Commencing at 9-30 p. m.
TRAMS after the performance on Main Lines from Bori Bunder.

AMUSEMENTS.

TOWN HALL
ANGLO-INDIAN EMPIRE LEAGUE,
BOMBAY PROVINCIAL BRANCH.
• ANCE
In aid of Christmas Tree Fete for Orphan Children.
Friday, 18th. December 1914,
9-30 p.m. (S.T.)
Tickets may be had as under:—
Price—Gent and Lady, Rs. 2. Extr Lady, Re. 1.
FORT—Anglo-Indian Empire League Office, Cama Buildings, Medows Street.
PRINCE'S DOCK—Mr. E. C. Jolley, Por Trust.
MAZAGON—J. Andeen, Andeen's Retre at
BYCULLA—T. A. G. McDonnell, No. 7, Love Lane.

AMERICA-INDIA CINEMA.
Ch rni Road. To-Night! Tel. No. 1271
A Stirring Military Production
IN THE FALL OF '64.
A Thrilling Story of the American Civil War
IN TWO PARTS
FULL OF ENERGY AND ENTHUSIASM. EVERY INCH A THRILLER. MUST BE SEEN TO BE REALIZED.
OUR ANIMATED WAR NEWS.
PART I — Containing pictures of the opening phases of the war.
PART II — Containing latest news of events England, France and Belgium.
We are also showing:
—AIDA— Magnificently coloured Drama.
—RANGOON— Interesting travel subject.
—THE SHREW— Most amusing Comedy.
3 Shows Nightly—7 to 8-15, 8-30 to 9-45, 11-15.
Saturday & Sunday { Prize Show 5-30 to 6-45. Extra .. 11-15 to 12-30.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN at 8 a. m. on THURSDAY, the 3rd of December, 1914.

STATIONS	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours.	Temp. in Shade. Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity. 8 A M	Rainfall Past 24 hours.	Rainfall Total 1st Nov to date.	Variation 1st Nov. to date
PERSIAN-AKRA—						
Bushire	70.2	60.0	92	..	3.28	..
Do. (2nd)	86.1	66.3	17	..	?	1.58
Jask				..	?	?
Muskat	85.6	76.1	66	..	?	?
Do. (2nd)				..		
PUNJAB—	72.9	52.8	84	..	0.30	0.22
Multan	63.7	42.2	92	..	2.42	2.16
Rawalpindi	67.6	51.2	83	..	0.81	0.73
Lahore	79.8	45.1	96	..	0.02	..
Sirsa	77.9	48.5	87	..	0.29	0.04
Ambala	77.8	54.4	75	..	0.33	0.23
Delhi						
UNITED PROVINCES—	81.6	55.4	88	..	.0	—0.07
Agra	80.3	52.2	76	..	0.04	—0.11
Mainpuri	83.2	53.0	65	..	0	—0.11
Jhansi	77.4	52.0	92	..	0	—0.32
Cawnpore	79.8	51.6	65	..	0	0.31
Allahabad						
SIND AND RAJPUTANA—	77.7	61.2	78	0.07	0.52	0.43
Jacobad	84.2	59.5	54	..	0.02	—0.03
Karachi	82.0	50.8	66	..	0.44	0.32
Ajmer	84.7	53.2	59	..	0.12	0.03
Jaipore	85.0	59.6	44	..	0.28	0.26
Kotah						
GUJARAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	88.5	66.7	51	..	0.09	0 09
Dwarka	90.0	67.2	50	..	0	—0.29
Veraval	89.4	61.7	41	..	0.21	—0.02
Rajkot	93.0	60.8	57	..	0	—0.10
Bhavnagar Para	91.9	64.1	57	..	0.70	0.58
Surat	91.2	64.0	44	..	0	—0.15
Ahmedabad	92.9	58.4	39	..	0.05	—0.07
Deesa	83.7	52.8	44	..	0.45	0.30
Neemuch	88.9	52.2	50	..	0.35	0.52
Indore						
CENTRAL PROVINCES—	80.5	49.5	64	..	0	—0.43
Jubbulpore	82.8	57.2	47	..	0.04	—0.38
Saugor	82.7	54.4	58	..	1.34	0.91
Hoshangabad	86.6	53.5	60	..	0.20	—0.19
Khandwa	87.5	58.9	49	..	0	—0.43
Akola	86.8	50.7	41	..	0.01	—0.50
Amraoti	84.6	55.8	51	..	0.08	—0.60
Nagpur	84.1	52.0	72	..	0	—0.77
Chanda	83.2	56.8	67	..	0	—0.42
Raipur						
KONKAN—	89.9	75.4	55	..	0.18	—0.20
Bombay	94.7	75.1	32	..	0.01	—0.45
Ratnagiri	87.1	74.9	75	..	0.43	—0.58
Mormugao	91.1	71.8	74	..	2.55	0.98
Karwar						
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—	87.2	53.9	61	..	1.78	1.37
Malegaon	83.9	55.1	50	..	1.63	1.12
Ahmednagar	86.6	56.5	61	..	0.55	0 29
Poona	85.2	59.5	56	..	1.90	0.89
Sholapur	85.2	58.3	50	..	2.33	1.42
Bijapur	83.8	53.9	85	..	1.18	—0.33
Belgaum	84 7	59.3	43	..	0.66	0.18
Aurangabad	84.8	53.9	61	..	0.08	—0.55
Nyzamabad (Indur)	84.8	60.6	61	..	0	—0.91
Hyderabad						
MALABAR COAST AND CEYLON—	91.3	74.9	65	..	2.01	—0.85
Mangalore	87.0	74.6	91	0.18	3.02	—1.93
Calicut	86.6	73.8	90	0.15	12.61	—0 18
Cochin						3.01
Colombo						
MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—	87.3	70.2	77	..	0.66	—4 59
Masulipatam	89.2	66.0	77	..	2.11	0.09
Bellary	88.7	70 9	62	0.03	2.52	—0.90
Guddapah	84.8	75.8	79	2.05	14.44	0.84
Madras	90.0	73.5	83	..	1.34	—1.55
Bangalore	82.1	69.9	91	0.05	1.78	—1.57
Coimbatore	86.3	70.9	93	0.80	3.76	—1.44
Trichinopoly	81.8	71.6	95	4.20	11.42	—5.46
Negapatam						

Weak and delicate children are given a new lease of life by using Stearns' Wine of Cod Liver Extract. Delicious tasting, easily taken, flesh producing and strength promoting. 180—1.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument, ascertain the errors of their barometers:—
The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time on the 3rd December 1914, was 30.153 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometers of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by 0.18 inch. for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature or correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 F. all aneroid reading should be increased by 138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by 0.10 inch. for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given above.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.
Bombay, 2nd December 1914.
Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr.	29.890 Inches.
Temperature of Air	82.0 degrees.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	72.7 "
Dew Point	68.5 "
Relative humidity of Air	0.651 "
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky = 0)	1.4
Mean temperature of Air	69.9 "
Minimum do. do.	73.7 "
General direction of wind from midnight to midnight	ENE, NW, NNW
Movement of Wind from midnight to midnight	159 miles.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time, depth of water is at Prince's Dock sill.

Day of week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER Bombay Mean Time.	HIGH WATER Depth on Sill	LOW WATER Day of Month.	LOW WATER Bombay Mean Time	LOW WATER Depth on Sill
	Dec.	h. m.	ft. in.	Dec.	h. m.	ft. in.
TH	3	m 11 7	25 10	3	m 5 32	19 11
					5 11a	15 9
F.	4	m 0 14	28 7	4	m 6 9	19 11
		m 11 44	25 9		5 42a	15 9
S.	5	m 0 48	28 7	5	m 6 46	20 0
		0 28a	25 7		6 14a	15 11
SUN	6	m 1 28	28 5	6	m 7 28	20 1
		1 4a	25 5		6 47a	16 8
M.	7	m 1 59	28 1	7	m 8 1	20 3
		1 47a	25 1		7 23a	17 0
TU.	8	m 2 37	27 8	8	m 8 42	20 3
		2 33a	24 4		8 7a	17 11
W.	9	m 3 19	27 2	9	m 9 24	20 0
		3 33a	24 6		9 1a	16 11

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week:—

Dec.	Sunrise	Sunset
3 (Thursday)	6h. 57m.	6h. 1m.
4 (Friday)	6h. 57m.	6h. 1m.
5 (Saturday)	6h. 58m.	6h. 1m.
6 (Sunday)	6h. 59m.	6h. 1m.
7 (Monday)	6h. 59m.	6h. 1m.
8 (Tuesday)	7h. 0m.	6h. 2m.
9 (Wednesday)	7h. 1m.	6h. 2m.

Phases of the Moon:—Full Moon 1914 Dec. 2nd 11h. 50-8m. p.m.; Last Quarter 10th 5h. 1-7m. p.m.; New Moon 17th 8h. 5-1m. a.m.; First Quarter 25th 1h. 54-8m. p.m.

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COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

MONEY MARKETS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

London, December 2nd.

Bar Silver Spot	23 1/16 plus 1/16
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 % since 8th August 1914.	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st ..	2 15/16unchand
Discount Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st	3 11/16-1/16
Discount Fine Trade Bills 3 months	4½unchgd
" " " " 6 "	5½ "
Interest day to day loans ..	1½ "
" 7 day market loans	1⅝ "

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Dec. 2nd.

Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports ..	52,000
" Exports to Great Britain " " to Continent ..	33,000
Futures at New York March	7.48
Previous closing price	7.49
Futures at New York May	7.60
Previous closing price	7.61
Spot Cotton at New York	7.65
Previous price	7.65
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	7 7/16
Previous price	7 7/16
Futures at New Orleans Dec. ..	7.14
Previous price	7.08
Futures at New Orleans May	7.53
Previous price	7.54
Demand Bills	4.89
Silver Commercial Bars	49⅛

COUNCIL BILLS.

London, Dec. 2nd

Rs.	Rs.
2,00,000 were allotted to Calcutta	2,15,000
15,000 " " to Madras.	
Tenders on Calcutta at	1 15/16
Tenders on Bombay at	1 15/16
Total Amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening including last Public Sale	Rs. 1,45,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, December 2nd

	Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool ..	8,000
" Sales on Spec. & for Exp.	800
" Sales of East Indian ..	40
" Imports	4,021
Mid. Americans	4.40—1
Egyptian F. G. F.	6.90 unchgd.

New York Official noon call March old unquoted. May New 7.59.

New Orleans 10 a.m. May new 7.57.

Cable correction In No. 2174 read speculation 500 (not 5,000).

CLOSING PRICES.

Mon ths.	To-day's price.
May-June	4.15plus 2
June-July	Nominal
July-August	4.20plus 1
August-Sept.	Nominal.
Sept.-Oct.	Nominal.
Oct.-Nov.	4.30plus 2
Nov.-Dec.	Nominal
Dec.-Jan.	Nominal.
Jan.-Feb.	4.35plus 1

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

London, December 2nd.

Good Bengal M. G.	2.90
F.G. "	3.02
Fine "	3.14
Good M. G. Oomra	3.76
Fine M. G. Oomra	4.00
Good Broach	3.85
F. G. "	4.00
Fine "	4.15

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, December 2nd.

WHEAT.

Choice White Karachi, per 492lbs. C.I.F.50pl. 3d
F.A.Q. Red Karachi, per 492lbs. C.I.F. London 1 49/6plus3 d
Rozario Santa Fe—60lbs. Jan.-Feb. to Britain unchanged 46/3
Barletta Russo—62½lbs. Jan.-Feb. ; to Britain unchanged 46/3
South Australian unchanged 48/6

SEEDS.

Linseed Bombay per 416lbs. ex-Ship unchanged 47/9
Linseed Calcutta 46/3—3d
Linseed Argentine (La Plata) unchanged 44/6
Bombay Cottonseed (sound delivered per ton) unchanged £6/6/3

METALS.

Standard Copper G.M.B. 56⅜ plus ⅜
Copper Braziers unchanged £72½
Yellow Metal unchanged 7
Iron Corrugated sheets 24 gauge G.O.B. 4 % F.O.B. Liverpool unchanged 11/7/6

FREIGHT.

Coals :—Cardiff to Bombay Canal unchanged 20

SUGAR.

Mauritius Crystals C. & F. Calcutta and Bombay Hull unchanged 26
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta afloat unchanged 22⅝

RUBBER.

Para Rubber January unchanged 2/8¼

BEEF & MUTTON TALLOW.

Finest Australian Beef Tallow Nominal.
Finest Australian Mutton Tallow 38/6

SHEEP SKIN.

Sale closed today.
Sheep skins Madras :—
Good demand and full prices.

GOAT SKIN.

Sales closed today. WeakSold 546,000.
Goat Skins.
Madras Prime a penny to 2d lower.
" medium half penny to one penny lower
" ordinary " "
Bombay half penny dearer.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

Bombay, 3rd December.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Rs.	From.	Importer.
1 boxes sovs and gold coins	15,570 130	Aden.	H. Mekanji
32 packages sovs and rupees	10,200 63,600	Bahrein.	Sundry importers

Exports of Bar Silver from Bombay by rail on 1st Dec. 1914.

	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway	34	38,047
B. B. & C. I. Railway.....	33	38,695

MONEY.

The cash balance of the Bank of Bengal is unchanged, and there is no change in the Bank rate which remains at 6 per cent.

The Bank of Bombay rate is also unchanged at 6 per cent.

EXCHANGE.

There is still little business doing either way and rates are unchanged.

Quotations :—

	s.	d.
BANKS SELLING—		
T.T. ready	1	3 13/16
D.D. mail	1	3⅛
T.T. forward 15th Dec. ..	1	3 27/32
BANKS BUYING—		
Private D.D. ready ..	1	4 1-16
Credits 3 m-s ready	1	4⅛
60 d/s Japan Nov.		146⅛

BULLION.

Spot bar silver in London was 1/16 up at 23 1/16. The local market is irregular and ready bars are quoted 70-8 to 70-11.

We quote :—

	Rs. a. p.
English Bar Gold	...
Ready Bar Silver (cum duty)	Rs. 70-8-0 to Rs. 70-11-0.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

The Paper market stood steady and a better inquiry was noticeable. Transactions were reported at Rs. 91-12.

4 per cent. Port Trust Bonds (long dated) changed hands at Rs. 97.

SHARES.

In Mill Shares Centrals were placed at Rs. 1,727½, New City of Bombay at Rs. 1,000, Finlays at Rs. 245, Swans at Rs. 200, New Great Easterns at Rs. 200, and Sun Mill Shares at Rs. 105.

Bank of Bombay shares were in demand at Rs. 1,560 and Eastern Bank shares at Rs. 60.

Bombay Burma Trading shares improved to Rs. 850.

Tata Hydro Ordinary shares changed hands at Rs. 1,130.

Central Provinces Ry. shares were quoted at Rs. 108 and Sialkot at Rs. 25.

Port Cannings were placed at Rs. 755, and Bombay Electric Tram ordinary at Rs. 206, at the close.

Tata Iron and Steel ordinary shares advanced to Rs. 70, and Deferred to Rs. 153.

Indian Cotton Press shares were placed at Rs. 117½.

COTTON.

Private cables received this morning give Miss Giles' estimate of the American crop as 15,760,000 bales *excluding* linters. In last season's crop the linters were 631,000 bales. The above estimate would therefore mean a crop of 16½ to 16⅔ million bales. The Government crop-estimate, published by the Agricultural Bureau, is due here on the 11th inst. We shall refer more fully to these estimates in our to-morrow's issue.

In the Local Market, good Broach and Bengals opened rather easier after the completion of the up-country settlement to which we referred yesterday. Berar description were however quoted steady. There was little enquiry during the early part of the day and good Broach gave way to Rs. 168½, while fine Khamgaon Akola January was done at Rs. 143. At Colaba the Market was quiet, and unchanged with very little doing, and closing rates are as under.

In ready cotton there is some enquiry for new crop, but old crop is quiet with only a small business passing.

Quotations :—

Good Broach	Rs. 168¼ Mar.
Fine Hinganghat Wurdha	Rs. 157 Jan.
Fine Nagpur	Rs. 153 "
Fine Yeotmal	Rs. 150 "
Fine Dhamgaon Pulgaon.....	Rs. 147 "
Fine Amraoti	Rs. 145 "
Fine Khamgaon Akola	Rs. 143 "
Fine Khandeish	Rs. 132 "
F. G. Khandeish	Rs. 120 "
Fine Bengal	Rs. 120
Fine Bengal	Rs. 122 "
F. G. Bengal	Rs. 115 "

The following are the receipts of various growths of cotton into Bombay up to 6 p.m., on Saturday :—

	Bales.
Khandeish	Rs. 158.
Central India	...
Barsi Nagar	Rs. 177
Berar	Rs. 2.357
Central Provinces	Rs. 850
Dhollera	...
Broach	...
Compta and Darwar	Rs. 15
Westerns	Rs. 49
N. W. Provinces	Rs. 2,169
Rajputana	...
Sind	...
Total ...	5,775

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Wheat :—Tone quiet but steady.
We quote :—
Ready White Karachi ..... Rs. 7-4-0 R.T.
White Pissi April May ..... Rs. 6-3-0 R.T.
Linseed :—Tone easier.
We quote :—
Ready ..... Rs. 6-8-0 B.T.
Rapeseed :—Tone quiet but steady.
We quote :—
Ready Brown Cawnpore ..... Rs. 6-12-0 B.T.
Ready Yellow Guzarat ..... Rs. 8-8-0 B.T.
Poppyseed :—Tone quiet.
We quote :—
Ready ..... Rs. 7-13-0 B.T.
Castorseed :—Tone quiet.
We quote :—
Ready ..... Rs. 5-14-0 R.T.
Tilseed :—Tone quiet.
We quote :—
Bold White 85 per cent. D. J. ..... Rs. 39-0-0
Mimtara Ready ..... Rs. 40-0-0
White Gulburga Ready ..... Rs. 41-0-0
Cottonseed :—Tone quiet but steady.
We quote :—
Ready ..... Rs. 2-15-0 B.T.
Mowraseed :—Tone steady.
We quote :—
Ready ..... Rs. 4-2-0 B.T.

RECEIPTS.

The following are the Receipts of Cotton produce and principal food grains into Bombay for the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m. yesterday.

Cotton	5,775 Bales
Wheat	9,628 Cwts.
Linseed	682 "
Rape, Rai etc.	185 "
Gingellyseed	1,855 "
Poppyseed.....	Nil. "
Groundnuts.....	3,790 "
Castorseed	524 "
Rice	74,082 "
Myrabolams	1,221 "
Cottonseed	3,306 "
Mowraseed	Nil. "
Gram	968 "
Jowar.....	5,708 "
Maize	20 "
Barley	281 "

Next time you feel a slight irritation in your throat, get a box of Zymole Trokeys and stop it. They give general satisfaction. 180—B21

ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Dec. 3.

A few slight showers occurred yesterday in the hills of northwest India. Weather remains disturbed in the extreme south and rainfall has again increased in the south Peninsula.

The chief rainfall amounts are :—Cochin, Tinnevelly and Trichinopoly three-quarters of an inch, Pamban three, Negapatam four, Cuddalore five, Kodaikanal two.

Forecast :—No important change.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Thursday, the 3rd December 1914, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear in the east Punjab and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in excess. Temperature is normal in the east of the Punjab but elsewhere it is in defect during the day but in excess at night.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are moderately clouded in upper Sind and west Rajputana and clear elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in excess. Night temperature is in moderate to considerable excess in Sind and in slight excess in the southern half of Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear. Temperature is in excess at some stations.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are generally clear. Humidity is normal or in defect.

The Konkan.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The air is drier than usual and both day and night temperatures are in excess in the north Konkan. Night temperature is above normal in the south Konkan also.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature has become normal.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has increased in the south of the Peninsula; it has been nearly general in Malabar and fairly general in south-east Madras. Conditions remain disturbed in the neighbourhood of Ceylon. Weather is also unsettled in north-west India and Baluchistan and moderate rain has been reported from Quetta.

Nearly general rain is likely in south-east Madras and Malabar and a few showers in the north Punjb.

CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR FRIDAY 4TH OF DECEMBER, 1914.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman.

In the Division Court No. 53.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

421-14—Vachha & Co. Aimai v. Messrs. A. M. Mehta & Co. a firm Shroff D & D.
664-14—Vachha & Co. the same v. the same Th. D & D Little & Co.
397-14—Tyabji D and Co, Gangabai widow v Bai Sonabai and anr, Pocha and Co, Part heard, 27-11-14.

For further directions and costs on Comr's Report.

508-12—Captain and Vaidya, The Advocate-General of Bombay v Dinkar Khanderao and ors, Jehangir S M and H, Edg G W and Co.

Long Causes.

639-14—Shroff D and D, The Rising Star and Electric Cinematograph Co a firm v Messrs. Parbhudas and Hirachand and Co a firm, Khambatta and Co.
102-13—Malvi H M & R Tribhowandas Narotamdas v. Abdulhally Hakimji Paghdiwalla & ors Vachha & Co.
545-14—Bicknell N R & Co Bhagwandas Pharashram a firm v. Indermal Icharam & anr Mulla & Mulla.
1070-13—Nadirshaw & D Narsey Dharamsey v. Navivahu widow & anr Madh K & Ch Jehangir & Co.
209-14—Jehangir G & B Ladkabai widow v. Navivahu widow anr Madh K & Ch Nadirshaw & D.
518-13—Mulla and Mulla Abdul Kadar Fatehbhoy v. Bai Kaleumbibi Tyabji D & Co.
395-14—Malvi H M and R, Kasturchand Sadasukh v Thakar Haridas Bhugwandas and anr, Payne and Co.
804-13—S A Tyabji Mangesh Sabharam Pilgaokar v Sakharam Appaji Mannekar and ors, Chit M and K, Sabnis and G.
707-14—Motichand and D, Datoo Marooti v Eknath Shivram, Manecklal and Co.
571-10—In person, Amrit Moreshwar Pardhy v The Shri Buldeo Mills Ltd, Tyabjee D and Co.
663-13—Manecklal and Co, Bai Diwali widow v Naran Coorji and anr, Jeh S M and H.
664-13—Manecklal and Co, Bai Diwali widow v Rajaram Bapuji and anr, Jeh S M and H.
56-14—Edgelow G W and Co, Messrs Sorabji Shapurji and Co a firm v The Alliance Cotton Mafg Co Ld and anr, Daph F and D.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Macleod.

In the Division Court No. 43.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

599-13—Unwalla P and P, Govind Budhaji v Laxman Sakroji, Shroff D and D. Part heard.
678-11—Judah and S, Mahadev Babaji Rane and ors v Vasudeo Nilkant Agte and anr, Subnis and G, Mulji and Th.
O. S. 939-14—Craigie B & C Rustomji Byramji Jeejibhoy and ors. v. Rustomji and Co. Craigie B & C.
748-14—Purnanand & Co. Mithibai widow and anr v. Nursi Virji Mehta Vachha & Co.
616-14—Jehangir M and S. Yesha alias Ganpat Dharmaji v. Jamnabai widow and ors. Unwalla P & P, D J Mantri.
637-14—Dastur and Co. Jamnabai widow v. Arjun Khimji and anr Tyabjee D & Co.
554-14—Amin and D Allimahomed Jaffer v. Abdulla Jaffer Edgelow G W & Co.
O. S. 1006-14—Daphtary F & D Vasonji Damodar Bengali v. Dwarkadas Shamji and ors. Kanga and S, Madhowji K & Ch. Bhaishankar K & G, Payne & Co., Crawford B & Co., Chitnis M and K. Partly heard on 21-11-14.
566-14—In person Fakir Mahomed Peer Mahomed v. Abdul Kadur Haji Esmail Gulmahomed and ors. Matu J & M. Jam R & D.
401-11—Little & Co. The Indian Specie Bank Ld. in Liquidation v. Syed Sardar Ali Khan and ors. Captain and V Mirza M & M Part Heard 1-9-13.
402-11—Little & Co. the same v. Syed Sardar Ali Khan Captain and V.
820-14—Soonderdas & Co. Ratansi Premji and anr v. Harsi Hemraj Kanga & S.
335-14—Mulji and Th, Nanabhai Mancharam and ors, Bai Ruxmani widow and ors, Tyabji D and Co, Hiralal and Co.
407-14—Motichand and D, Jaynarayen Lalchand Sapadia v Govindram Umedram and ors., Captain and V. Part heard.
256-13—Payne and Co, Datoobhoy Jaitha v Karimbhoy Lalji Sajan, Matubhai J and M.
702-14—Nadirshaw and D, Sadashiv Narayen Patenkar v Ramchandra Balwant Chawan, Sabnis and G.
558-03—Jehangir S M Jamnabai widow v. Fazalbhai Heptulla & ors Nanu H & Co.

When other remedies fail to cure that headache, here's the cure. Stearns' Headache Cure, headache gone in a few minutes. 180—C5

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Dec. 3

Nil.

DEPARTURES.

Dec. 3.

Earl of Douglas Rennie Garston.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday:—

Steamer Aldgate for Calcutta

The following vessels obtained port clearance yesterday.

S.S. Lindenfels Griff London.

S. S. Lindenfels :—The steamer Lindenfels, 3,525 tons, Captain H. Griffiths, will sail to-day for London via Middleborough with a general cargo.

S. S. Earl of Douglas :—The steamer Earl of Douglas, 2,760 tons, Captain R. G. Rennie, sailed yesterday or Garston with a general cargo.

S. S. Colombo Maru :—The N. Y. K. steamer Colombo Maru, left Singapore for Colombo, on the 3rd instant.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Thursday, December 3, 1914.

Cape Antebes.....	Lochead	J. Mackintash & Co
Flamanian.....	Cruickshank.....	K. Nixon & Co
Jinsen Maru.....	Terada.....	N. Y. K.
Montcalllo.....	Montgomery.....	J. Finlay & Co
Lawoe.....	Smith	Khandwani & Co
Teckaku Maru.....	Muyazaki.....	Tyebjee & Sons

VICTORIA DOCK.

Alavi.....	Richardson.....	T. M & Co
Benguela	Owen	W. & A. G. & Co
City of Florence.....	Bcyck.....	K. N & Co.
Lindenfels.....	Nickle.....	W. & A. G. & Co
Rinaldo.....	Gondon.....	J. Finlay & Co
Clan Macpherson.....	Shapland.....	J. Finlay & Co
Malay Maru.....	Sukawa.....	N. Y. Kaisha
Persia.....	Hall	P. & O. Co.
Queen Maud.....	Howes.....	J. Mackintosh & Co.

H. W. P. D.

Irrawadi.....	Goolam	Bo. S. N. Co., Ld.
Mahanadi	Kamall.....	
Sabarmati.....	Sabudin.....	Bo. S. N. Co, Ld.

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Aldgate.....	Harrison.....	K. N. & Co
Amazon	Bessu	
Beme.....	Younger....	Shaw Wallace & Co
Blake.....	Hill.....	A. Yule & Co
Caithness.....	Bildand.....	W. & A. G. & Co.
Dumra.....	Andreason.....	M. M. & Co
Hatumet.....	Peters.....	Muncherjee & Co
Inverness.....	Venus.....	A. Yule & Co
Kt. Templar.....	Jones.....	M.M. & Co
King Edward.....	Sampson.....	T. M. & Co
Lhasa.....	Keane.....	M. M. & Co
Locksley Hall.....	Gardner.....	K. N. & Co
Nairu.....	Lassen.....	K. N. & Co
Meteor.....	Remmersen.....	W. & A. G. & Co.
Ocean.....	Christiansen.....	Bombay Co
Flor di Diu.....	Aboo.....	Purshotum & Co.
Kinross.....	Tribilcock.....	T. M. & Co
Steinbergen.....	De Young.....	W. & A. G & Co
Virawa.....	Piggott.....	M. M. & Co
Yorkmoor.....	Grest.....	W. & A. G. & Co

EXPORTS.

FOR LONDON.

Persia (s) 90 casks, 45 bales, goat skins, E. N. Stein; 45 bales, cotton and woollen cuttings, M. Somjee; 147 cwts, indigo, King, King & Co., 3,200 cwts., linseed, Ralli Bros; 75 cwts., deer horns, J. M. Rahimtoola.

FOR HULL.

Rinaldo (s) 8,000 cwts, linseed, L. Dreyfus & Co., 1,500 cwts., bone meal, E. C. Nanjee; 500 cwts., rapeseed, Sauday & Co.

FOR HULL.

Cape Antibes (s) 100 bales, cotton, 7,052 cwts., cotton seed, Ralli Bros.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Benguela (s) 3,900 cwts., myrabolums, P. Mathooradas & Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

Benguela (s) 15 bales, sheep pelts, 22 bales, goat skins, E. N. Stein; 30 cwts. gum kadaya, P. Jethabhoy; 11 cwts. ganga M. Jafferbhoy; 5 bales woollen carpets King King and Co.; 634 cwts. dry ginger, 420 cwts. gum arabic, 10 cwts. cardamon seed, M. Jafferbhoy.

FOR GENOA.

Benguela (s) 800 bales cotton. The Mill Stores Trading Co., India; 2,000 cwts. linseed, John Pachiri.

FOR MOJI.

Malay Maru (s) 55 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha.

FOR OSAKA.

Malay Maru (s) 100 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha; 350 bales cotton, N. M. K. Kaisha; 22 bales cotton, Tata Sons and Co.

Malay Maru (s) 110 bales cotton, G. G. Kaisha; 100 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha; 750 bales cotton, N. M. K. Kaisha; 39 bales cotton, C. Bomanjee and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Jinsen Maru (s) 1,000 bales cottpn, G. G. Kaisha.

FOR HONKONG.

Jinsen Maru 19 bales cotton yarn, W. H. Brady and Co.

IMPORTS.

S. S. Nairn from Calcutta, Agents Killick Nixon and Co.—6,090 tons coal.

S. S. Blake from Calcutta, Agents Andrew Yule and Co.—5,710 tons coal.

S. S. King Edward from Calcutta, Agents Turner Morrison and Co.—6,700 tons coal.

S. S. Aldgate from Calcutta, Agents Turner Morrison and Co.—150 bales H. cloth, 59 bales twine, 1,148 bales cotton, 7 cases cotton and silk goods, 2 cases silk goods, 104 jottas coir rope, 124 jottas coir yarn, 5 bales coir fibre, 5 bundles canes, 19 bales paper, 20 cases candles, 200 bags rice dust, 4 drums disinfectant liquid, 204 bags coffee, 2 cases saffron, 83 bales senna, 476 bags 2,350 robbins copra, 107 bags 10 baskets ginger, 459 bags paper 100 bags oil cakes, 46 cases 666 chests 2 packages black tea, 155 bags ground nuts dall, 30 bags mica, 900 cases milk, 100 drums raw linseed oil, 11 boxes varnish, 6 boxes 668 kegs 209 drums 11 casks paints and colours, 29 cases chocolate, 10 bundles sharkfins, 8 bundles fishmaws, 16 bags cowhides, 206 cases Vermouth, 12 cases umbrellas, 1,000 cases fresh meat, 1,598 bundles bamboo mats, 104 pieces pine squares, 1,343 pieces 584 bundles pine planks.

THE B. B. AND C. I. R. BAND.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—I shall feel obliged to you if anybody can let me know for what reason the B.B. & C.I. Railway's Band is not appearing in public since last 15 days. I have not heard it in the Bombay Gymkhana either. In its place, on every Saturday, the 108th Infantry Band is playing in the Bombay Gymkhana. Last Saturday I waited up to 7-45 p.m. to hear the programme of this Band. The above Band was appreciated by outsiders as well as the members of the Bombay Gymkhana.—Yours etc.,

BERAMJI HORMUSJI.
KARAI.

10, Raghunath Dadaji Street.
Fort.

BRITISH INTERESTS IN TURKEY.

A Press Note issued yesterday says :—It is hereby notified that British interests in Turkey will be protected by Consular officers of the United States of America or, in their absence, by Consular officers for Italy.

Kasagra is the most pleasant and effective remedy ever produced for gently and permanently curing bowel torpidity and the many disorders dependent thereon. 180—D21

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

PUBLIC ENGAGEMENTS

TO-DAY.

English Mail steamer Salsette due 8 a.m.
The Grotesques: "The Telephone Belle," Excelsior Theatre, 9-30 p.m.

SATURDAY, December 5.

Royal Bombay Yacht Club Races in the afternoon.
Garden Fete in aid of the Girls' Friendly Society, in the Cama Hospital Compound, 4-30 to 8 p.m.
Masonic Cafe Chantant in aid of the War Fund, Town Hall, 9-30 p.m.
The Grotesques: Farewell Performance, Excelsior Theatre, 9-30 p.m.

SUNDAY, December 6.

Bombay Diocesan Society, United Service at St. Thomas' Cathedral, Centenary of the Episcopate in India.

MONDAY, December 7.

Bombay Municipal Corporation, 3-46 p.m.

TUESDAY, December 8.

Legislative Council, Secretariat, 12 noon.

DAILY.

Bombay Presidency Chess Tournament, "B" Class, Bombay Chess Club Room, 8-16 a.m. and 5-30 to 10-30 p.m. (S. T.)
Excelsior Theatre of Varieties, 6-30.
America-India Cinematograph, Charni Road, 7 to 8-15, 8-30 to 9-45, and 10 to 11-15.
Imperial Cinematograph, Charni Rd., 7 to 8-30, 8-45 to 10-15, 10-30 to 12.
Olympia Cinematograph, Sandhurst Road, 5-15 to 6-45, 7 to 8-30, 9 to 10-30, and 11 to 12-30.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

Regimental Orders by Major J. W. Hawes V. D. Commanding.

December 3.

441. Musketry.—Officers Commanding Companies will please detail one Officer and one N. C. O. per Company for Range duty on Sunday next at Ghat Koper.

All members who have not fired their Annual Course are requested to do as early as possible.

Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6-15 a.m. and Colaba at 5-55 a.m. connecting at Dadar at 6-30 a.m.

(Sd.) R. C. D. GRAHAM Captain R. A. Adjutant, Bombay Volunteer Artillery.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Regimental Orders by Lieut.-Colonel P. R. Cadell, Commanding.

Bombay, 4th December, 1914.

998. Arms.—The armoury will be open for the issue of Rifles and Accoutrements from 3 to 4-15 p.m. on Saturday, December 5th. All arms must be drawn before the parade.

1002. Leave.—No. 7907 Cr. Sergt. J. McGrath, "B" Coy. is granted leave of absence from 7th to 21st December, 1914.

(Sd.) C. N. MOBERLY, Captain, Adjutant, Bombay Volunteer Rifles.

BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

By kind permission of Lieut.-Col C. B. Baldock, and Officers the Band of the 108th Infantry will play this evening the following selection of music at the Bombay Gymkhana commencing at 6 p.m.

March.—Wellington. ..... Tichle
An Oriental Scene.—A Derwish Chorus ..... G. Sebek.
Valse..—Passing of Salome ..... Joyce.
Selection.—Sunshine Girl ..... Rubens.
Valse.—Brune ..... Krier.
Two Steps.—Waiting for Robert E. Lee ..... Pether.

OUTWARD MAILS.

The P. & O. Company's S. S. Caledonia with the outward Mails of the 21st ultimo passed Suez at 8 a.m. on Thursday the 3rd instant.

THE LATE MT. D. G. SUKHADWALLA

The ceremony of unveiling the portrait of the late Mr. Damodar Goverdhandass Sukhadwalla at the hands of Sir N. G. Chandavarkar, Kt., will be performed at Dadabhoy Nowroji Poor Boys' Seminary, Chikhalwadi near Grant Road, on Sunday next, at 5 p.m. (S. T.).

DAILY MORTALITY RETURNS.

On Wednesday 65 deaths were registered in Bombay. The total of the corresponding day of 1913, was also 65 and that of 1912, 101. There were no cases of either plague, small-pox or cholera; 2,000 rats were caught by the municipal rat-catchers during the day, none of which were found to be plague infected.

SUCCESSFUL PARSI LADY MUSIC TEACHER.

In the practical examination of the Trinity College School of Music, London, conducted by Dr. W. Creser in the Town Hall last week, twelve out of fifteen of Miss Bhikaji L. Palumkoste's pupils were successful in the various grades. Miss Bhikaji has passed no less than seventy five pupils since she established herself as a teacher.

THE TERRITORIALS.

A portion of the Brecknockshire Battalion of Territorials, who arrived on Wednesday, and are to stay in Bombay, for a time at any rate, marched from the docks, to Colaba last evening. They were met at the top of Wodehouse Road by the band of the Hampshire Territorials now stationed here,—perhaps one ought to call them the Hampshire Regiment, for they are now regular soldiers,—and played to the barracks, where tents have been erected for them.

PLAGUE IN THE PRESIDENCY.

During the week ending 28th November, 1914, the number of plague deaths in the various Districts and Native States in the Bombay Presidency occurred as follows :—Bombay City 2, Ahmedabad District 2, Surat District 5, Thana District 5, Nasik District 59, East Khandesh District 4, Poona Town 18, other places in Poona District 67, Satara District 64, Belgaum District 19, Dharwar District 47, Bijapur District 5, Karachi District 2 (imported), Hyderabad District 18, Kathiawar Agency 30, Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country States 156. Cutch State 3, total 506.

The total approximate gross earnings of the State and guaranteed railways from the 1st April to the 21st November, 1914, are less by Rs. 1.61,74,441 than the figures for the corresponding period of 1913-14.

Mr. S, H, Mulecole, Storekeeper, North-Western Railway, is transferred to Eastern Bengal State Railway

HIGH COURT.

ORIGINAL SIDE.

COMPLICATED WILL CASE

(Before Mr. Justice Davar.)

VALIBHAI WIDOW v. GOCULDAS CURSONDAS.

This matter came on before his Lordship on exceptions to the report made by the Commissioner of this Court in September, 1914. The plaintiff is the widow of Nathu Valjee. The defendant is the son of one Goculdas Liladhar, who died in 1902, leaving behind him three sons, Narotam, Damodar and Goculdas, the defendant, and some estate at Mahim, which consisted of huts and cocoanut trees, yielding an income of Rs. 40/- to Rs. 50/- a month.

He also left a will dated 23rd August, 1900, of which he appointed Narotam and a predeceased son executors. Narotam, who was managing the property, left Mahim, because of the plague, and came to reside in Bombay. He requested Nathu Waljee, the husband of the plaintiff to manage his property. That was how the plaintiff's husband came to be mixed up with the management of the property of the defendant's father.

In 1903, Narotam died. The defendant was then a minor of twelve years. The plaintiff's husband, in the interest of the minor, continued to manage the property, keeping separate accounts of the same, and paid monies to Premkoerbai, the widow of Narotam, with whom the minor was living, for the minor's maintainance from time to time.

The defendant, however, quarreled with Premabai complained of ill-treatment at her hands, and came to stay with Nathu Valjee. Upon this Premabai made an application under the Administrator-General's Act, for possession of the deceased's estate. By a consent order, Nathu Valjee and the late Dwarkadas Dharamsy were ordered to obtain letters of administration with the will annexed. Nathu Valjee died in 1908. Therefore the plaintiff, Nathu Valjee's widow and executrix, brought up the defendant, looked after him and managed his property. However, in 1911, the defendant fell out with the plaintiff. He was asked to pay the amount, nearly a sum of Rs. 2,357/- due by him at the foot of the accounts. This the defendant refused to pay, and the plaintiff filed this suit to recover the same.

The defendant in his written statement stated that Premkoerbai, who was alleged to be the widow of Narotam, was not his widow and further that he was not bound by any payments made to her by Nathu Valjee. He denied that he had examined the accounts as alleged by the plaintiff or that any accounts were filed by either Nathu Valjee or Dwarkadas Dharamsy. He submitted that on a proper taking of accounts the plaintiff and Nathu Valjee's estate would be found indebted to the defendant.

The suit came on for hearing before his Lordship, and by consent it was referred to the Commissioner for taking accounts.

The Commissioner made his report, holding that Rs. 2,075-14-0 were due by the estate of the said Karsandas Liladhar, deceased and the defendant to the plaintiff. Against this report both the plaintiff and the defendant filed exceptions.

The case is proceeding.

Mr. J. D. Davar appeared for the plaintiffs, and Mr. Jinnah for the defendant.

Attorneys for the plaintiff, Messrs. Unwala Pherozeshaw and Papa.

Attorneys for the defendant, Madhavjee, Kamdar and Chotubhai.

A SEDITIOUS PAMPHLET.

At the Esplanade Police Court yesterday the Acting third Presidency Magistrate disposed of the case in which Khan Saheb Kavasji J. Petigara, of the Bombay Criminal Investigation Department, charged Y. J. Shastri, with abetting a Telugu Brahmin named Sunder Ramaya in distributing a seditious pamphlet called "Liberty, the Divine Heritage of Man."

The accused pleaded guilty and was bound over in a sum of Rs. 200 to be of good behaviour for a year.

STERLING BILLS ON LONDON.

A notice was issued on Thursday, simultaneously at Calcutta, Bombay and Madras to the effect that the Government of India are prepared to issue bills of exchange or telegraphic transfers on the Secretary of State for India in London for sale on Thursday, the 10th December 1914, up to an aggregate amount of £1,000,000, subject to the condition that the amounts of bills or telegraphic transfers issued will be in multiples of £1,000 and that no single bill or telegraphic transfers will be issued for less than £10,000. The rate for bills will be Is. 3 29/32d. the rupee and that for telegraphic transfers Is. 3 27/32d. the rupee. Applications for bills or telegraphic transfers should be addressed to the Controller of Currency, Calcutta, and should reach him as regards Calcutta tenderers not later than 12 noon, Standard time, on Thursday, the 10th December, 1914, and as regards Bombay and Madras tenderers not later than 1-30 p.m., Standard time, on the same day.

The following is the result of the allotment of Sterling Bills and Telegraphic Transfers on the Secretary of State for India in London for £1,000,000 offered for sale yesterday at 15 29/32 and 15 27/32 the rupee, respectively.

		Calcutta. £	Bombay. £	Madras. £	Total £
Total Amount of tenders received.	Bills	115,000	140,000	..	255,000
	Telegraphic Transfers.	..	..	..	..
Total Amount accepted.	Bills	115,000	140,000	..	255,000
	Telegraphic Transfers.	..	..	..	..

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Friday, December 4, 1914.

TRADING WITH THE ENEMY.

There is sure to be a lot of work for our law courts in the near future disentangling, or more correctly speaking, attempting to disentangle, the vast number of complications which have arisen, owing to the sudden and abrupt termination of our commercial relations with Germany and Austria. On the declaration of war, by Royal Proclamation, all commercial intercourse with the subjects of the other belligerents was prohibited: any transaction in the nature of trading became illegal. As our courts have very little in the way of usage or established precedents to guide them, it is not at all improbable that some form of special legislation will have to be introduced to cope with the exigencies, which are likely to be of a formidable and intricate nature. Existing laws are based on one or two very broad issues which arose in connection with the Boer War, the Crimea, and during the Napoleonic era. And it is not likely that the decisions in these cases will be of much assistance in arriving at equitable judgments on the type of case evolved by the present war, where the commercial relations between the opposing belligerents were not only based on the closest ties of mutual trust but where in a great number of cases, actual partnerships existed. American authorities relate only to the war of 1812, and to the American Civil War of 1865. These may have a bearing on some classes of cases, but it cannot be regarded as certain that British courts would entirely follow American doctrines. The Royal Proclamation warns all persons not to supply to, or obtain from the German Empire or Austro-Hungary any goods, wares or merchandise; it prohibits the making of contracts of insurance of any kind for the benefit of persons resident, etc., in these countries; and it requires persons resident, etc., in the British Dominions not to enter into any new commercial, financial or other contract, or obligation with or for the benefit of any person resident, etc., in these countries. These prohibitions are of a sweeping nature and their effects very far-reaching, but innocent transactions not falling within the scope of the prohibitions are expressly provided for, in other words, saved by the following clause:—

And we hereby declare that any transactions to, with, or for the benefit of any person resident, etc., in the said countries which are not treasonable and are not for the time being expressly prohibited by Us, either by virtue of this Proclamation or otherwise, and which, but for the state of war aforesaid would be lawful, are hereby permitted.

It comes then to this, that some contracts or dealings with persons resident in the enemy's countries may possibly be deemed to be lawful. Well, every one realises what this means. If a loop hole is left, no matter how attenuated, whereby the question of whether a transaction is lawful or not is left open it is obvious that thousands will avail themselves of the opportunity of taking a sporting chance of submitting the same to the dictum of a judge and relying on the wisdom or ignorance of the legal functionary, as the case may be, to make some capital out of the situation. One important point to be noted in the Proclamation is, that it directs attention particularly to the illegality of trading with persons resident in the enemy's countries. The reason for the rule of non-intercourse requires that a British subject who is domiciled for trade purposes in the enemy's country, should be treated in the same way as an alien so domiciled, for commercial intercourse with either stands upon the same footing, in that it assists the enemy. The law adopts this reasoning, and therefore the important thing to consider is, not merely the nationality of another party to a trading contract, but also to his "trade domicile," as it has been sometimes conveniently termed by lawyers. The rule has also been expressed in these terms:—Commercial dealings are prohibited between persons who are "divided by the line of war." Thus, trade with an Englishman in Germany is just as illegal as trade with a German in Germany. The whole subject creates a nightmare of doubts, even when superficially examined, and what an investigating, ingenious legal mind may be capable of evolving out of such a vista of ambiguous possibilities, is incalculable.

AFTER FIFTY YEARS.

The revival by the Municipal Commissioner of the project of widening Churchgate Street recalls to mind the first proposal mooted fifty years ago during the stirring period of share speculation. Memorable as the year 1864 and the early part of 1865 were for the vast treasure poured into the lap of cotton consignors by the Lancashire cotton lords, it was even more memorable for the princely liberality which benefited the nascent seats of higher learning. Two great persons stood prominently before the business world of Bombay at that period as pillars of wealth but Colossuses of well-directed liberality in matters of education. And fortunately while they were great patrons of learning, there were the cultured and accomplished Sir Bartle Frere, who was so closely connected with Hockham Frere of classic fame, Sir Alexander Grant, of great European reputation, the brilliant translator of Aristotle's Ethics, and Sir George Birdwood, a literary artist of brilliancy and an enthusiastic organiser of no mean reputation. The interest of each, of the Governor of Bombay, and Chancellor of the University, of the greatest Principal of Elphinstone College yet known, and the Professor of Materia Medica and Botany besides the Editor of the meteoric "Bombay Saturday Review," were directed towards placing the seats of higher learning, the University and Elphinstone College, on a permanent footing with a local habitation worthy of the great city. Embracing the opportunity of the immense riches then pouring in they all interested themselves in securing a permanent building for the University and for the College. Premchand Roychand gave two lakhs of rupees for the University Library and the Clock Tower, while Cowasji Jehangir gave an equal sum for the University Senate Hall and another handsome amount for the Elphinstone College. Even Calcutta was benefited by Premchand Roychand by a couple of lakhs to endow the Metropolitan University with travelling scholarships. These were the princely largesse for education given by two wealthy citizens who had no thought of baronetcies and knighthoods which interested philanthropy brings so cheaply in these days.

Bombay owes, also, the Kennedy Sea Face, the Queen's Road, and beyond it, to the Backbay Reclamation Company, the offspring of those halcyon times. These are wrecks saved from the aftermath of the bubble of speculation. It was at this period of 1864, when the meridian of prosperity was reached, that the project of widening Churchgate Street was actively mooted. We now hear a periodic wail as to the congestion of traffic in this street. But in 1864-5 it was infinitely more congested, and there were constant complaints though motors were then undreamt of. Long processions of pedestrians and vehicles passed to and from without intermission. Pedestrians of all shades and colours in a vast throng treaded their way from the north corner of Meadows Street, round the corner of Churchgate Street on to the great trysting tree known as the tamarind tree in Elphinstone Circle, where groups of brokers congregated. The brokers were a legion, themselves driving backward and forward in palkee shigrams, relics of which may yet be seen plying in the Fort. The steps of the Jeejeebhoy Dadabhoy buildings, next to Messrs. Dadham, Pile and Company, where is now located the shop of Messrs. Dunnet and Company, were thronged with hundreds of brokers, the premises being occupied by the Mercantile Bank, and on the opposite side was the Oriental Bank. And beyond it on the unlevelled road, after the western ramparts were levelled to the ground, there were to be seen at least a couple of thousand men in eager pursuit of the business of buying and selling scrips and allotments. In Churchgate Street Cowasji Jehangir had his town house, and the road in front of his house was crowded all day long. He was the great dispenser of allotments of gilt-edged securities along with Premchand Roychand. Similarly the firms of Messrs. Ritchie Steuart and Company, and Messrs. William Nicol and Company, were the rendezvous of flitting brokers and the half-witlings from all parts of the country, seeking gold at Premchand's office, was a mighty maze, and treading one's way through it either by foot, carriage, or palkee was a phenomenon in itself. Nothing like it is to be witnessed to-day in spite of the serried phalanx of motors, private vehicles and hired victorias. Such being the overcrowded condition of the traffic in 1864, there was formed a project to widen it, and an estimate was actually prepared which provided for the acquisition of houses on both sides. Prices were enormously inflated. Necessarily the estimate of a crore was inflated. The question of forming a company was mooted but before the plan reached its fruition the crash came. Necessarily the scheme passed into the limbo of oblivion. Years afterwards, somewhere in the middle of the eighties, it was revived by the late Mr. Tostting. Some criticism appeared in the local journal stating that the cost was not prohibitive. It was estimated at about fourty-four lakhs, but nothing was resolved by way of a frontage. Municipal finances, however, were not so elastic in their resources of revenue as they are to-day. Moreover, there were the most urgent works of drainage and the Tansa water supply to be first considered. So the revised project died in its very birth. Again, at the opening of the century, the late Mr. C. H. B. Forbes once more agitated the necessity of widening the street. But nothing came of this save a contraction of footpaths on both sides whereby about 5 or 6 feet of width was gained. That was the last effort. The one now submitted to the Corporation for consideration by the Commissioner stands on a different footing. It involves, in reality, the principle of a street improvement scheme on the lines of the Improvement Trust Act. The entire area embraced by the Armenian and Tamarind lanes is included and the proposal is to acquire all the premises therein, throw into the street the necessary area for widening and then resell the frontages. Such a scheme, according to the Commissioner, would eventually cost next to nothing. That remains to be seen. In matters of land acquisition all estimates are hypothetical. The Improvement Trust for years gave similar estimates for the acquisition of its areas and the ultimate loss after improvement, but not one has been verified. But leaving the financial question alone, which will be the rock ahead, there can be no denying the utility of widening Churchgate Street. The congestion is an undoubted evil and requires to be removed at a moderately reasonable cost; and Bombay would indeed be glad to see this most frequented locality fairly improved.

COUNCIL GOVERNMENT IN THE UNITED PROVINCES.

It is in keeping with the traditions of Allahabad that our contemporary there, after opposing for years the claims of "political classes" of the United Provinces to have an executive council established in their province, in common with the major provinces in India, should, now, that such a measure of democratic reform is on the eve of accomplishment, turn round and attempt to belittle the value of the concession. So long as the gods at Simla and Allahabad continued to turn a deaf ear to the popular demand, "The Pioneer." was quite content to belaud as ideal the "strong" one man administration of satraps like Sir John Hewett, while at the same time it was occupied with showering superior contempt on the agitators whom nothing could satiate or quiet. But, even the bureaucrats of Allahabad find it expedient, as in the present case, to "surrender convictions" when they can no longer hold on to their positions. Sir John Hewett's excuse that because he for one needed no colleagues to help him to administer the province, there was no need at all of an executive council, was too puerile to convince anybody that the demand for a council was unsound. It practically gave away the case against the proposed reform and Lord Crewe must have felt it so. But that excuse was quite sufficient for "The Pioneer." When Sir John Hewett vacated the post and Sir James Meston assumed the reins, he too, for the sake of prestige had to assume the rôle of the strong man like his predecessor and plead, albeit half-apologetically, that, though he was not opposd to council government and assistance from colleagues, the necessity for it might not arise for some time. Sir James, however, admitted that an executive council in his province was bound to come, along with the rest of the provinces. Since this pronouncement was made, it was fairly clear that the officials had no case at all to go on with. The establishment of a council in quite a minor province like Behar, cut away whatever ground there was from the official case against a council for the United Provinces. It is childish now to try and belittle, in the style of "The Pioneer," the value of the concession which the authorities have made to the demand of the educated classes. If it is of so little significance materially, as our contemporary suggests, why have the official class and its henchmen in the press in India and England so persistently and so long opposed the measure? We wonder how the friends of "The Pioneer" will appreciate the suggestion that executive councils, composed of a majority of officials, are things of such trifling consequence.

Notes of the Day

Christian de Wet's "Loyalty."

In view of the treacherous conduct of General Christian de Wet, who has now, fortunately, been captured, it is interesting to recall that after the Boer War De Wet wrote a book entitled "The Three Years' War," which he dedicated "To My Fellow-subjects of the British Empire." The book is a history of the war. As General De Wet is now a rebel his last paragraph in the book reads very curiously. It is as follows:—"To my nation I address one last word. Be loyal to the new Government! Loyalty pays best in the end. Loyalty alone is worthy of a nation which has shed its blood for Freedom."

The Tata Hydro-Electric Co.

Presiding at the annual meeting of the shareholders of the Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Company, Ltd., yesterday, Sir Dorab Tata referred to the doubts and fears about the scheme expressed in the form of bazaar rumours, and in order to remove them read an exhaustive report by Mr. Joyner, the Company's hydraulic expert. Mr. Joyner states that the dams have a strength to stand about fifteen times the pressure which would break them, and says they are twice as strong as the Kharakwasla Dam, ten miles from Poona, which was built forty-six years ago, and which "is still absolutely sound, and has never shown any tendency to be otherwise." The water supply, too, is expected to be better than was original'y anticipated, for, whereas the estimate was that 62 per cent. of the rainfall would be collected, during the past two monsoons it has been found that the proportion running off the catchments is 80 per cent., in addition to which the cool surface of the lakes, condensing the damp air, has caused heavier rain to fall on them. The ducts and the forebay are described as "eminently suitable for their purpose in every respect," and the ducts will carry sufficient water to give 100,000 electrical horse-power. Mr. Joyner says the whole of the works are so strongly and thoroughly built that they should never cause any trouble, or even require any repair, while they would be very difficult maliciously to injure. All of which should go far to re-assure timid shareholders.

The Health of Bombay.

Last week Dr. Turner in reviewing the health returns of Bombay for the week ending 21st November, had occasion to point out that, for the first time in the history of the city the weekly number of births exceeded that of deaths. The residents of Bombay will be certainly gratified to know that this happy experience was repeated during the past week also, when so low a total mortality as 353 was recorded as against 403 births. The previous week, it will be recalled, 386 deaths and 438 births were registered. Thus, though the birth-rate showed a slight decline, it was compensated by a parallel decline in the death-rate too. The past week's death-rate amounted to 18.74, while that of the corresponding week of last year was 28.93 and the past quinquennial mean was higher still, namely 31.55. There is reason to hope that this gratifying state of things may be maintained for some time yet, unless some unforeseen causes suddenly drive the mortality up or a sudden drop is experienced in the birth-rate, which latter especially is more liable to fluctuations than the death-rate. Coming to the principal causes of mortality during the week under notice we find that plague accounted for only two deaths while cholera claimed none. Small-pox, however, accounted for five cases. The mortality from other ailments was as follows:—Malarial fever 3, diarrhœa 27, dysentry 8, phthisis 20 and diseases of the respiratory system 29 were still-births, one case of which was and six of fatal injuries.

The American Elections.

The recent American Elections, which would otherwise have attracted much attention throughout the world, have passed most unnoticed. The campaign was notable for the defeat of the Roosevelt party. The result of this as well as its cause,—has been a strengthening of the Republicans who have made large gains bringing the Democratic majority in Congress down to forty odd. The Democrats ascribe their reduced majority to the general depression prevalent in the United States, and particularly to the vigorous campaign inaugurated by the Protectionists. Since Dr. Wilson came into power, the tariff has been reformed, thus dealing a severe blow to the monopoly of the Trusts, and it is to be remembered that these big corporations with their unlimited capital and resources play a very important part in American politics. The Republicans have gained most seats in the manufacturing States of New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio and others, where the vote turned in their favour, owing to the depression in business, the campaign being fought here specially on the Democratic Tariff Bill. Added to the general depression there is the War Revenue Bill which will increase taxation and thus compensate for the decline in customs receipts. This is the cause of the Democratic decline, although they still rule the Congress. Another notable thing is that Mr. Longworth, who was opposed by his father-in-law Mr. Roosevelt last time and defeated because he was a Republican, has now come into his own again. Mr. Roosevelt has been extinguished for a time at least as a militant force in American politics, and parties will now run on their normal lines again.

Official and Personal.

Her Excellency Lady Willingdon will open a sale of work in aid of the Girls' Friendly Society, at the Cama Hospital, at 4 30 p.m. to-morrow.

Raja Sir Harnam Singh has received the following message of condolence from Their Majesties King George and Queen Mary:—"The King and Queen deeply regret the loss you and the army have sustained by the death of your son in the service of his country. Their Majesties truly sympathise with you in your sorrow."

Thursday's "Bombay Government Gazette" contains the announcement that his Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Hon. Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Bart, to be Sheriff of Bombay for the ensuing year, to be computed from the 20th December 1914, in succession to the Hon. Mr. Fazalbhoy Meheralli Chinoy.

Mr. Frank Oliveira, LL.B., Third Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, is granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the date on which he is relieved. The Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments during the absence on leave of Mr. Oliveira, or pending further orders:—

Mr. Ghulam Husain Rahmatullah Khairaz, Barrister-at-Law, to act as Third Presidency Magistrate, Bombay.

Mr. Hormazdiar Phiroze Dastur, Barrister-at-Law, to act as Fourth Presidency Magistrate, Bombay.

Lieutenant H. W. A. Elliott, 4th Battalion, Wiltshire Regiment, has been appointed to be Aide-de-Camp to H. E. the Governor of Bombay vice Lieutenant E. D. Metcalfe.

Sir James Meston visited on Wednesday the Chunar settlement in Mirzapur district and then left for Chakia accompanied by the Maharai-Kumar of Benares where his Honour will be the Maharaja's guest. At Chunar a Mutiny veteran told his Honor that his pension was one shilling a day and to help him to make both ends meet he wanted a little land at nominal rent. Sir James Meston promised that he should get it.

The members of the Punjab Club entertained at dinner on Wednesday night the officers of the 1st and 3rd Hampshire Batteries and 6th Devonshire Regiment which have recently arrived to garrison at Lahore Cantonment. Sir Alfred Kensington presided and welcomed the guests in a felicitous speech.

SOUTH AFRICAN EMIGRANTS.

INDIAN CERTIFICATES EXTENDED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

CAPETOWN, Dec. 2.

In view of Indians who visit India finding difficulty in returning to South Africa before the expiration of the one year certificates, Government has agreed that certificates shall be available for three years.

SPAIN THE FRIEND OF ALL.

In the Spanish Chamber the Premier introduced on Nov. 7, a Bill granting an amnesty for political and social offences. He went on to say: "The Government will persevere in its attitude of strict neutrality. We maintain friendly relations with all the belligerent nations. Spain must live removed from the horrors of war."

THE WAR

SUMMARY OF TELEGRAMS.

SERBIA'S PLIGHT.

BOER REBEL LEADER CAPTURED.

GERMANY'S APOLOGY TO PORTUGAL.

HISTORIC GATHERING AT BRITISH HEADQUARTERS.

Reuter understands that Germany has apologised to Portugal for the invasion of Angola.

It is officially announced in Pretoria that De Wet, the South African rebel leader, has been captured.

A message from Sofia describes the situation in Servia as critical and that Belgrade has been evacuated. A Nish message says sanguinary fighting has occurred at Sonvodor, the enemy in great force occupying two positions. The Servians, however, on the same day obtained a brilliant success at Lazarevatz, taking over 2,000 prisoners.

King George and President Poincaré's visit to the troops in the north of France has caused intense enthusiasm The King gave a dinner at British Headquarters when President Poincaré, the Prince of Wales and other notabilities were present.

A Paris communiqué states a German attack took place at Ypres which was repulsed. The Allies' artillery damaged a group of three batteries of large calibre at Vermelles, and their troops brilliantly took the chateau and some trenches.

The military expert of the "Times" computes the total losses in the battle in Flanders at 300,000, of which two-thirds were the enemy's. The British are estimated to have lost 50,000, five thousand being Indians.

INVASION OF ANGOLA.

GERMANY APOLOGISES TO PORTUGAL.

(Reuter's Telegrams.)

LONDON, Dec. 2.

Reuter understands that Germany has apologised to Portugal for the invasion of Angola.

The Portuguese Government announced on October 24 that German troops had invaded the province of Angola.

Angola is the general name of the Portuguese possession on the west coast of Africa south of the Equator. On the south it is bounded by German South-West Africa, on the north and north-east by the French Congo and the Congo Free State, and on the east by British South Africa. The colony has an area of nearly half a million square miles. The capital is S. Paulo de Loanda, the principal port, and the population of the colony is about five millions.

PRINCE OF WALES' FUND.

LONDON, Dec. 2.

The Prince of Wales' War Relief Fund now amounts to four millions sterling.

GERMANY APOLOGISES TO PORTUGAL.

CAPTURE OF DE WET.

KING AND PRESIDENT POINCARE.

BRITISH TROOPS VISITED.

INTENSE ENTHUSIASM PREVAILS.

(Reuter's Telegrams.)

PARIS, Dec. 2.

Intense enthusiasm prevails in Northern France at the visit of King George and President Poincare.

The King and the President visited the British forces and motored amidst the joycus cheers of the populace.

Afterwards King George gave a dinner at the British Headquarters. The historic gathering included President Poincare, M. Viviani, General Joffre, the Prince of Wales, Field-Marshal Sir John French and General Duparge.

When his Majesty and President Poincare met they had a long and most cordial conversation and minutely inspected the means of supplying provisions to the Army.

HOW THE KING FOLLOWS THE FIGHTING.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Dec. 2.

When King George visited the Indian wounded in the hospital, one sepoy of the Thirty-fourth Sikhs discovered that the King knew that it was his regiment together with the 6th Jats and 9th Bhopal Infantry which took a certain trench at the point of the bayonet in the night on November 23rd.

RUINED BELGIAN FARMERS.

OFFER OF LAND IN ALGERIA SUGGESTED.

LONDON, Dec. 3.

The Governor-General of Algeria proposes that the Government should offer ruined Belgian farmers land in Algeria.

DISTINGUISHED SERVICE ORDERS.

LONDON, Dec. 2.

The London Gazette announces the award of a further 59 Distinguished Service Orders.

COMBATING ENTERIC.

£ 10,000. TO BE SPENT AT CALAIS.

LONDON, Dec. 2.

A joint committee of the British Red Cross Society and the Order of St. John has made an immediate advance of ten thousand sterling to be spent at Calais to combat the outbreak of enteric in the Belgian army.

INDIAN WOOL TRADE.

THE EMBARGO ON EXPORTS.

LONDON, Dec. 2.

The Liverpool wool buyers have passed a resolution urging the authorities to exert their influence to obtain the removal of the Indian embargo on the export of wool, as it will hamper the carrying out of existing contracts for the Home Government, and Indian mills are only able to deal with about ten per cent, of the wool produced in India.

PROTEST OF KARACHI CHAMBER.

(Associated Press.)

KARACHI, Dec. 3.

The Karachi Chamber of Commerce has sent a telegram to the Government of India protesting against the embargo on the export of wool. The chamber says that nearly sixty-five per cent of the total shipments from India are exported from Karachi. The trade is employing many thousands of labourers in Karachi and a still larger number throughout northern India, and that large numbers of Indian merchants will be ruined if the export of wool is prohibited as the local demands for manufacturing purposes in India are extremely small compared to the total supply of raw wool on the market.

BRILLIANT AFFAIR AT VERMELLES.

LIVELY CANNONADE AT FAY.

SEVERAL ATTACKS REPULSED.

(Reuter's Telegrams.)

LONDON, Dec. 2.

A communique issued in Paris says:—Southward of Ypres a German attack upon the trench won by us during the day has been repulsed.

Our artillery damaged a group of three batteries of large calibre at Vermelles. Our troops brilliantly took the chateau of Vermelles, its park, two houses of the village and some trenches.

There has been a lively cannonade at Fay and a violent bombardment of Vendresse Craonne to which our artillery successfully replied, destroying the battery.

We repulsed a German attack on Fontaine Madame in Argonne and made some progress. We also took a trench and small earth-work in Argonne.

BATTLE IN FLANDERS.

TOTAL LOSSES 300,000.

GERMANS LOSE TWO-THIRDS.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Dec. 2.

The military expert of "The Times" computes the total losses in the battle in Flanders to amount to three-hundred thousand, of which two-hundred thousand are Germans and a hundred thousand Allies, including fifty-thousand British, five thousand of the latter being Indians.

CASUALTY LIST.

LONDON, Dec. 2.

The following casualties are announced:—

KILLED.

Lieut. S. Connell, Manchesters.
Major G. M. Harman, Rifle Brigade.
Lieut. I. Rose, Grenadiers.
Capt. C. E. Strahan, Black Watch.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Lieut. E. Chichester, East Kents.
Lieut. J. C. Rose, Argyils.

CAPTURE OF DE WET.

AFTER A RELENTLESS PURSUIT.

SURRENDERS WITHOUT FIRING A SHOT.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Dec. 3.

It is officially announced in Pretoria that De Wet has been captured.

PRETORIA, Dec. 3.

Colonel Brits captured De Wet on Tuesday on a farm, 100 miles east of Mafeking.

De Wet, after escaping into the Transvaal with four followers on Nov. 21st, eluded his pursuers and joined a small commando of rebels in Schweizerrenke District.

With these he moved swiftly westward. He was pursued relentlessly and a part of his force was captured on November 27th.

Then De Wet with his 52 remaining followers was surrounded on the farm when he surrendered without firing a shot.

CAREER OF THE REBEL LEADER.

It was announced on October 28 that General Christian De Wet had joined the rebels and that under his guidance a number of prominent burghers in the Orange River Colony had defied the authority of the Government and made preparations for armed resistance.

General Christian De Wet, who is 67 years of age, became the most conspicuous figure at the end of the South African War. He was the most elusive of the Boer leaders, and was as quick to strike as he was swift to disappear. De Wet was fertile in resources to make full use of the opportunities that South Africa gave him. He was regarded as a hard visaged burgher who had risen to command among the Boers by sheer ability and shrewd common-sense coupled with the power of inspiring his followers.

He entered upon the campaign in South Africa as a simple burgher, with his three sons. Prinsloo was elected to the chief command, and after some operations on the north frontier De Wet was chosen as vice-commandant under Steenkamp. It was at Modder Spruit that De Wet met Cronje, who was at that time "Vecht-generaal."

De Wet was himself, after a good deal of fighting appointed to the command on the western frontier by Steyn, and he was accustomed to say that he would have preferred to remain a simple burgher. Cronje's surrender increased De Wet's stern determination to fight to the end.

At that time De Wet was in high command among the Boers. The situation was bad, for Ladysmith had been relieved, Gatacre had taken Stormberg, and Brabant was driving the Boers before him. Then it was that De Wet began his really wonderful operations, which prolonged the war, though they did not affect its results.

De Wet, though he never ceased to be burgher of the old fighting type, became a loyal subject of the King

Speaking at Pretoria on December 28, 1912, he declared that he was very loyal to the Empire, but did not mean to say that he wanted to "take off his coat and give it to Englishmen." "Boers should not hand over their nationality."

In his remarkable book, "Three Years' War," General De Wet thus expressed himself concerning the Treaty of Vereeniging, which ended the South African War: "It was a never-to-be-forgotten evening. In the space of a few short minutes that was done which could never be undone. A document solemnly signed as on that night by two parties bound them both for ever. Every one of us who put his name to that document knew that he was in honour bound to act in accordance with it. It was a bitter moment, but not so bitter as when, earlier in the day, the National Representatives had come to the conclusion that the fatal step must be taken."

Here is a pen-sketch of De Wet as drawn by a well-known English journalist who met him in London: "Strength and reserve—those are the dominant marks of the man. He inspires awe and wonder. He seems a new type of man. His body seems a pillar of rock, his face seems carved in basalt. But there is nothing sinister or cruel in his eye. Once drawn into conversation, De Wet becomes humorous, jovial, and, above all; genial. . . . His face has the loneliness of the African veldt. Like the face of many brave men, it is gentle in repose; but once arouse it and the iron mouth and steady eye harden into a resistance that seems more than human, a will that seems to transcend reason."

DEATH OF THE EARL OF ERNE.

LONDON, Dec. 3.

The death is announced of the Earl of Erne.

CHRISTIAN DE WET.

The South African rebel leader, who has been captured.

There is nothing to report on the heights of Meuse or in Woevre and the Vosges.

SUCCESS IN ALSACE.

PARIS, Dec. 3.

Last evening's communique said:—

"There has been violent bombardment at Lampernisst, west of Dixmude.

"The enemy blew up by means of mines, the north-western spur of the forest of Lagurie in Argonne.

"We are consolidating and developing our progress at this position.

"In Alsace, we carried Aspach-le-haut and Aspach-le-bas, southeast of Thann.

"On the remainder of the front there is nothing to report."

BELGIUM AND HOLLAND.

INTERCOURSE PROHIBITED BY GERMANS.

LONDON, Dec. 2.

The Germans are placing the strictest prohibition on intercourse between Belgium and Holland. Hence the conflicting reports regarding the movements of troops, which however, appear to indicate important changes.

DEATH OF EARL OF STAIR.

LONDON, Dec. 2.

The death is announced of the Earl of Stair.

LATEST CABLES.

(Received after 2-15 a.m.)

AIR RAID ON ESSEN.

BOMBS DROPPED ON KRUPP'S FACTORY.

EXTENT OF DAMAGE NOT KNOWN.

LONDON, Dec. 3.

Great excitement was caused in Berlin on the report that an airman had dropped bombs on the cannon hall of Krupp's factory at Essen.

The extent of the damage is not known.

The airman escaped unhurt.

Essen is a town in Rhenish Prussia, 22 miles N.-E. of Dusseldorf.

DEFENCE OF EGYPT.

AUSTRALIAN AND NEW ZEALAND CONTINGENTS ARRIVE.

LONDON, Dec. 3.

The Press Bureau states that the Australian and New Zealand contingents have been disembarked at Egypt to assist in the defence of that country and to complete their training.

When their training is completed they will go direct to the front to join other British troops in Europe.

CRITICAL SITUATION IN SERBIA.

BELGRADE SAID TO BE EVACUATED.

SANGUINARY FIGHTING.

(Reuter's Telegrams.)

SOFIA, Dec. 2.

A critical situation exists in Serbia. It is reported that Belgrade has been evacuated and that communication between Belgrade and Nish is interrupted.

NISH, Dec. 2.

It is officially announced that sanguinary fighting has occurred at Sonvodor. The enemy in great force succeeded in occupying two important positions. The Serbians on the same day, however, obtained a brilliant success at Lazarevatz and have now taken over two-thousand prisoners there.

RUSSIAN GENERAL SUPERSEDED.

DELAY IN TAKING POSITION.

LONDON, Dec. 3.

A message from Petrograd to the "Morning Post" says that General Rennenkampf has been superseded because he was two days late in taking a position in the concentration which enclosed the Germans.

TSAR GOES TO THE FRONT.

PETROGRAD, Dec. 2.

The Tsar has gone to the front.

GERMAN POSITION IN POLAND.

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, Dec. 3.

A "Civil and Military Gazette" cable dated Dec. 1, says:—

The Germans are recently reported at places in Poland in the form of a slightly distorted letter "T" with the bottom on or near the river Warta, about 30 miles west-south-west of Lodz. The stem which is over 40 miles long runs north of Lodz to Glovno, about 15 miles short of Lowicz. The cross piece runs almost due north and south, the southerly part reaching to Tuszyn, over 20 miles south of Glovno.

Official reports from Petrograd have mentioned successful cavalry charges against the retreating Germans at two points on the Glovno-Tuszyn line. Unofficial reports say that two army corps were almost surrounded but others went to their help and enabled them to escape between Glovno and Lodz but with heavy losses. This probably means that the southern part of the cross-piece is now absorbed into the stem. The remainder of the position is well entrenched and fighting is momentarily reduced to an artillery duel. The northward extension probably reaches the Vistula but is bent westward. In any case the position is not comparable with that so long held in France, since the maps show only two lines of railway to supply it. It is highly improbable that both are in German hands.

LATER.

A "Civil and Military Gazette" cable, dated December 2, says:—

There is a curious degree of resemblance between the Teutonic fortunes in the eastern and western theatres. The original march on Paris became a fight for Calais, which produced the attack on Ypres. Similarly in the east the original objective was the river Bug, then Warsaw, then Lodz. The battle lines are now similar in shape.

Last night's Petrograd communique shows that contrary to the assumption of yesterday's message the Germans hold the Kalisch-Lodz railway to the point where it touches their position and by its aid they brought reinforcements and extended the right of their lines which now appears to run southward from the neighbourhood of Plock to Glovno, south-west to near the Warta and then south-east, 20 miles to Szertgoff.

VICEROY'S WAR DISPATCH.

(Associated Press.)

DELHI, Dec. 3.

His Excellency the Viceroy's report from the Secretary of State says:—

No change in the situation is reported to Paris, but unofficial opinion there inclines to the view that the enemy will make a further desperate attempt to break through the lines, since the Germans will consider that at any cost they must gain a success in the west to compensate the loss of prestige in the east.

There is no official news from the eastern front. The newspapers report that the Germans in Poland are still fighting desperately under adverse conditions, but in a strongly entrenched position.

BRADFORD FACTORY DESTROYED BY AN EXPLOSION.

SIX KILLED: MANY INJURED.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, Dec. 2.

A lyddite explosion occurred in a factory at Bradford in which six were killed and many injured.

The factory was destroyed.

TATA HYDRO-ELECTRIC CO.

PROGRESS MADE LAST YEAR.

SURVEYING FOR NEW SOURCES OF POWER.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Company, Limited, was held yesterday afternoon in the Company's offices, Navsari Buildings, Hornby Road, Sir Dorab J. Tata presiding.

After the annual report (which has already been published) had been presented to the meeting, the chairman moved its adoption. In doing so he said:—

We have now practically finished the first portion of the construction period, and the company is about to enter on a period of operation when we hope to have the pleasure of dealing with the more pleasing problem of division of profits rather than of the expenditure on construction. The scheme has now passed the critical stage and is emerging from the ordeal with every prospect of success. There is no necessity now to speculate on the merits of this vast undertaking which has established its claim to be considered the premier concern of its kind in India and leaves little doubt in the mind of the critical expert, as well as the "man in the street," of its utility to the community and of the benefits it is likely to confer on the public.

At the outset, I will remind you that the scheme was the result of patient laborious and careful investigations on the part of its promoters, who employed experts of known repute to survey both the hydraulic and the electric side of the project, and as you may be aware some of those very experts who examined it, have been engaged in bringing it to completion, we may therefore reasonably hope that most of the expectations raised in the minds of the original subscribers to the scheme will be realized; and personally I see no reason why they should not. But it is said that in India there is a mysterious purveyor of news known as the "Bazaar" which is often credited with obtaining information about events political and social, happening even in the remotest parts of the world long before they could be telegraphed, and sometimes even before they could have occurred. I understand that "Bazaar rumour" has been expressing its doubts and fears about various points connected with this scheme. Some of these "rumours" were dealt with satisfactorily, as I hoped, in previous years, and "scotched." But rumour is a serpent with many heads and the moment you crush one, another is bound to rise and try to strike you. It is well, therefore, gentlemen, that I should deal with some of these rumours before I move the adoption of the Report. The best to do this, I think, is to read to you the report of Mr. Joyner, the hydraulic expert of our consulting engineers. Your directors paid an official visit to Lonavla last Sunday and inspected the works in the company of our engineers. At a meeting of the board held on the spot Mr. Joyner submitted a report dealing with nearly all the points about which these rumours have been prevalent. The directors, I am glad to say, have satisfied themselves that there is no justification for any apprehensions entertained by a small body of croakers on the strength of such groundless reports, I have reason to believe that Mr. Joyner's opinion is fully endorsed by those in authority in official circles.

FUTURE OF THE COMPANY.

Before I move the adoption of the report I wish to say a few words as to the future of the Company. It has already been mentioned in the report that all the available supply of power has been sold to various consumers, mostly cotton mills of Bombay. Therefore we shall not be able to satisfy any further demands from our original installation. Yet there remain many prospective buyers of electrical energy and the completion of our full scheme, including the Shirawta Lake (even up to its full height) will barely suffice to meet all such demands. Some of you may be aware that almost from the very inception of the scheme I have been of opinion that there is a very large opening for the use of electric energy in and around Bombay. Besides the cotton mills, which alone would require about 100,000 horse power, there are the tramways, with possibilities of suburban extensions. Then there is the Port Trust with its docks and railways, in addition to our two large main line railway companies, with difficult traction problems and their workshops requiring power. Modern practice has so conclusively proved the benefits of the electric drive that before long it is a safe thing to predict a large demand for electrification in Bombay amongst these consumers. This total demand I roughly estimate at about 1.60.000. I have always held the opinion that sooner or later our Company ought to be in a position to supply this if the demand arose, and have kept in mind the possibilities of further extensions. The full capacity of our present lakes cannot possibly meet such a large demand, and if we look to supplying it at some future date, it is necessary for us to go further afield and find fresh sources of power which could supplement our present capacity and also serve as a "stand-by" in case of need. The Board having accepted my view, it was resolved to ask a responsible officer to carry out investigations with a view to finding a suitable site in the vicinity of Bombay possessing advantages similar to our present scheme. The work was entrusted to Mr. Gibbs, the General Manager of our Company, and I am glad to say he has, so far as we can ascertain, been successful in discovering other valleys in the Ghauts which are highly promising. With the sanction of Government, survey parties have been at work making careful investigations and the whole problem is being carefully considered by expert advisers. If these investigations prove satisfactory, and if such a demand for power as I anticipate should arise in the not distant future, our present experience will enable us to take full advantage of the situation.

I hope I have said enough to convince you, gentlemen, of the immense possibilities of our project, which is not only the largest of its kind in the world, but will, I hope, prove to be as splendid a proposition from the financial as it is from an engineering point of view.

Sir Sassoon J. David seconded the proposition adopting the report, which was carried.

On the motion of Sir Shapurji Broacha, the directors were authorised during construction to pay interest at four per cent per annum when due up to the 31st December, 1914, and 30th June, 1915.

The retiring directors Sir Sassoon J. David, The Hon. Mr. Lalubhai Samaldass, C.I.E., Mr. Ratan J. Tata, and Mr. R. D. Tata were re-elected, and Messrs. A. F. Fergusson and Company and Mr. J. A. Dalal were re-appointed auditors on a remuneration of Rs. 800 each.

The proceedings then terminated.

THE GROTESQUES.

CAPITAL ENTERTAINMENT AT THE EXCELSIOR.

In these days it is very difficult for any entertainer or group of entertainers to strike an original line, but the Grotesques did it in one or two items last night at the Excelsior Theatre. One number they did was quite new to the present writer at any rate. Mr. Hugh Bayly sung a song entitled "Mr. Jolliboy," and the rest of the company assisted with small figures made to throw their legs about in an indescribably funny way.

Then Mr. Fred Winn played the "Telephone Belle," which, if not quite new in idea, was certainly original in the way it was worked out. "Fishing" was another funny item, but if one had been able to forget that there was such a person as Harry Tate one would have enjoyed it a great deal more than one did.

Taking it throughout, the programme was a capital one, and comprised more good things than there is either space or time to mention. Mr. Arthur Argent and Miss Lilian Gwynne sang the Barcarole from the "Tales of Hoffman" excellently; Miss Irene Greville was very successful in her song "Never Mind" and her child impersonations; Mr. Ewart Scott was a dashing "nut"; Mr. Fred Winn was one of the hardest-working funny men we have seen for a long time; and the other members of the Company all "played-up," the result being that everybody, the players included, spent a very happy evening.

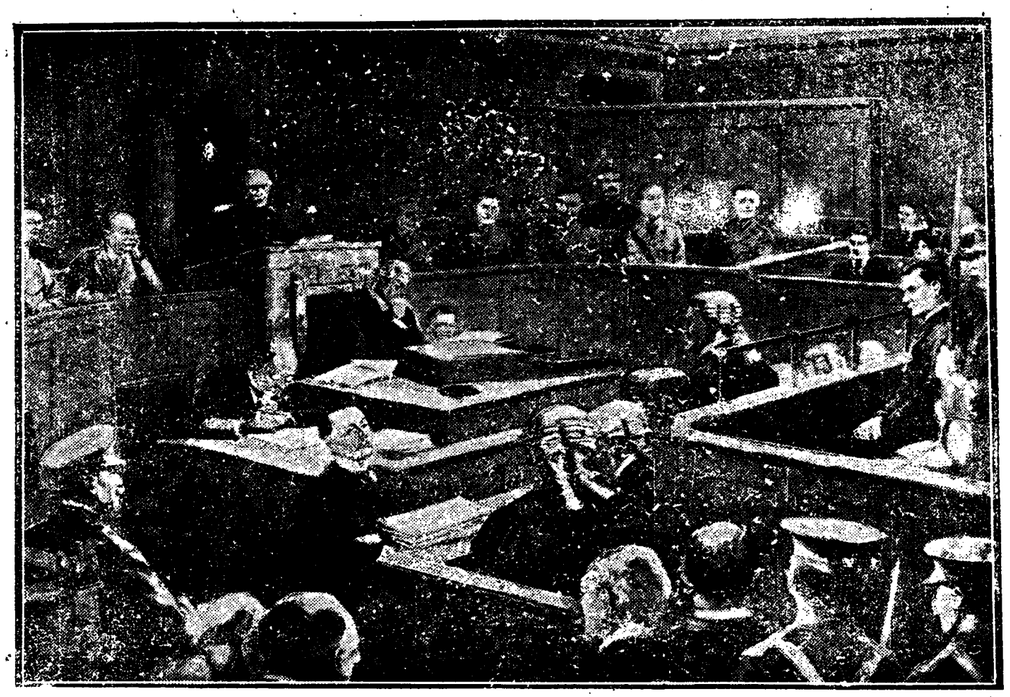
Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Willingdon were present throughout the entertainment.

THE AGRICULTURAL OUTLOOK.

According to reports received from the various districts of the presidency by the Department of Agriculture, Bombay, during the week ending 1st December the standing crops were in good condition except for slight damage by rats in two States of Rewa Kantha and withering in two talukas of Poona. Harvesting of kharif crops continues. Picking of cotton is in progress in Hyderabad, Thar and Parkar, Nawabshah, Ahmedabad, Khandesh, Ahmednagar, Nasik, Kathiawar and Baroda, Rabi sowing generally continues. The supply of fodder was adequate except in the area affected by floods and the hilly tracts of Karachi, three talukas in Thar and Parkar and two talukas and one petha of Poona and one taluka of Sholapur. Agricultural stock was in good condition but was deficient in numbers in Ahmednagar and Poona. Supply of water for drinking and irrigation was generally adequate. Prices of food-grains were generally steady.

The Sessions Judge of Cawnpore has sentenced one Ramnarain, a local Bania carrying on business as a pawnbroker, to five years' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 250 for instituting a false claim and obtaining an exparte decree on the basis of a forged promissory note against two factory hands of Messrs. Cooper Allen and Company Limited, Cawnpore, with whom the accused had fallen out over some trivial transaction.

THE WAR TREASON TRIAL.



Reproduced from "The Graphic."

The trial by general court-martial of Carl Hans Lody, a German naval Lieutenant, on charges of war treason at the Middlesex Guildhall. Lody was sentenced to death and subsequently shot in the Tower of London.

THE BAPTISM OF FIRE.

CAVALRY SUBALTERN'S VIVID EXPERIENCES.

"The Times" publishes the following letter, thoroughly characteristic of the pluck and cheerfulness of the young British officer, from a cavalry subaltern at the front:—

Oct. 27.

Your two boxes of cigarettes were heaven. We've been in the trenches two days and nights, but no excitements, except a good dose of shrapnel three times a day, which does one no harm, and rather relieves the monotony. I've got my half troop, 12 men, in this trench in a root field, with the rest of the squadron about 100 yards each side of us, and a farmhouse, half knocked down by shells, just behind. We get our rations sent up once a day in the dark, and two men creep out to cook tea in the quiet intervals. Tea is the great mainstay on service, just as it was on manœuvres. The men are splendid, and as happy as schoolboys and we've got plenty of straw at the bottom of the trench, which is better than any feather bed. We only had one pelting night, and we've had three or four fine days. We have not seen any German infantry from this trench, only one patrol and a sniper or two. Their guns, too, are out of sight, but hardly a mile away.

Our first day's real close-up fighting was the 19th. We cavalry went on about a day and a half in front of the infantry. We got into a village, and our advanced patrols started fighting hard, with a certain amount of fire from everywhere in front of us. Our advanced patrols gained the first group of houses, and we joined them. Firing came from a farm in front of us, and then a man came out of it and waved a white flag. I yelled, "Two hundred; white flag; rapid fire." But——wouldn't let us fire. Then the squadron advanced across the root fields towards the farm (dismounted, in open order), and they opened a sharp fire on us from the farm. We took three prisoners in the roots, and retired to the houses again. That was our first experience of the white flag dodge; we lost two killed and one wounded.

Then I got leave to make a dash across a field, for another farm where they were sniping at us. I could only get half-way, my sergeant was killed, and my corporal hit. We lay down; luckily it was high roots and we were out of sight, but they had fairly got our range, and the bullets kept knocking up the dirt into one's face and all round. We just lay doggo for about half an hour, and then the fire slackened, and we crawled back.

I *was* pleased with my troop, under bad fire. They used the most awful language, talking quite quietly, and laughing all the time, even after the men were knocked over within a yard of them. I longed to be able to say that I liked it, after all one has heard about being under fire for the first time. But it is beastly. I pretended to myself for a bit that I liked it, but it was no good. But when one acknowledged that it *was* beastly, one became all right again and cool.

After the firing had slacked we advanced again a bit, into the next group of houses, the edge of the village proper. I can't tell you how *muddling* it is. We did not know which was our front, we did not know if our own troops had come round us on the flanks, or whether they had stopped behind and were firing into us. And besides, a lot of German snipers were left in the houses we had come through, and every now and then bullets came singing by from God knows where. Four of us were talking in the road when about a dozen bullets came with a whistle. We all dived for the nearest door, and fell over each other, yelling with laughter.——said, "I have a bullet through my best new Sandon twillette breeches." We looked and he had; it had gone clean through. He didn't tell us till two days after that it had gone through him too; but there it was, like the holes you make to blow an egg only about 4in. apart.

We stopped about two hours. Then the cavalry regiment on our left retired. Then we saw a lot of Germans among the fires they had lit (they set the houses on fire to mark their line of advance). They were running from house to house. We were told not to fire, for fear of our own people on the other side. Then came a lot of them, shouting and singing and advancing down the street, through the burning houses. One felt a peculiar hatred for them. We heard afterwards that there was a division of infantry, at first we thought there were only a few patrols.

BAD GERMAN SHOOTING.

We retired about two miles and dismounted for action. Soon they began to come up from three sides, and we retired again. They were pretty closed advancing higgledy-piggledy across the fields and firing. They shot *abominably* (nothing like the morning, from the houses, when they had all the ranges marked to a yard). We lost only about 20 horses, no men killed. "Hellfire Herbert" got his horse shot under him when they were within about 200 yards. He was next troop in front of me. He suddenly got complete "fou-rires" when he saw me. I got him a spare horse, and he was still laughing, and cursing them with a sort of triumph. We only trotted away. A man in my troop kept touching his cap to the Germans, saying "Third-class shots, third-class shots."

The next day we went forward to another place and entrenched against a very big German force, but we only had to face their guns. Poor——was killed. They pushed us pretty hard back to our infantry. We were supposed to have done well.

Since then we have been doing infantry work in the trenches. We have been out of work in our trenches; only shrapnel and snipers. Some one described this war as "Months of boredom punctuated by moments of terror." It is said that it is such a bad country for cavalry. Cavalry work here against far superior forces of infantry, like we had the other day, is not good enough. The Germans are dashed good at that house-to-house fighting business.

It is *horrible* having to leave one's horses; it feels like leaving half oneself behind, and one feels the dual responsibility all the time. I hope we get them on the run soon, then will come our chance. They have been having terrific fighting on the line on each side of us, and it has gone well.

I adore war. It is like a big picnic without the objectlessness of a picnic. I've never been so well or so happy. Nobody grumbles at one for being dirty. I've only had my boots off once in the last 10 days, and only washed twice. We are up and standing to our rifles at 5 a.m. when doing this infantry work, and saddled up by 4-30 a.m. when with our horses. Our poor horses don't get their saddles off when we are in trenches.

The dogs and cats left in the deserted villages are piteous, and the wretched inhabitants trekking away with great bundles and children in their hands.

I can't make out what has happened to the Battle of the Aisne; it seems to have got tired and died.

The Indians had two men killed directly and said "All wars are good, but this is a bot'utcha war. Now we advance." A colonel of a French regiment on our flank was sitting in a pub, in the village when the Germans came round that flank and started firing their Maxim gun. The colonel and his orderly rushed into the street, and each discharged 10 rounds quick, and then went back and finished their drinks. It's horrible when they put "Jack Johnsons" into your bivouac at night from about 12 miles off. You can hear them coming for about 30 seconds, and judge whether they are coming straight for you or a little to one side.

BRITISH AUTHORS BARRED.

VIENNA BOYCOTT OF BERNARD SHAW AND BARRIE.

Playwrights in enemy countries have been boycotted by the Court Chamberlain's Department in the Imperial Hofburg Theatre in Vienna. The English authors whose works have now been banished from this stage include Sir J. M. Barrie ("Quality Street"), Bernard Shaw ("Caesar and Cleopatra" and "Pygmalion"), and Oscar Wilde ("An Ideal Husband").

WAR VALUE OF ZEPPELINS

SIGNIFICAN ABSENCE FROM COAST BATTLE

It is difficult to avoid coming to the conclusion that Germany is finding her airships rather more trouble than they are worth, and although it will be unwise to make a final judgment until the Zeppelins are more seriously tried than they have been, it is, writes the aeronautical correspondent of the "Pall Mall Gazette," not too early to point out the weaknesses exhibited by airships now for the first time face to face with serious campaigning.

One of the lessons learned in the present war is the unexpected capability of the aeroplane. The situation now is that Germany's Zeppelins must keep to their sheds all the while there is the slightest chance of encountering aeroplanes of the Allies, and even in their sheds they are not secure from attack. Zeppelins have not dared to take part in the great coast battle, notwithstanding that Germany has been straining every nerve to force a conclusion in that struggle. If German boasts were justified the Zeppelins ought to have made short work of our monitors.

"DUMMY GUNS."

Their absence from the coast battle, although significant, is not surprising. The impossibility of using Zeppelins under such circumstances has been clearly foretold. It is perfectly evident that the problem of top armament has not been completely solved, and until it has been, no real progress can be made. There is reason to believe that, at any rate, some of the guns on top of the Zeppelins are dummies.

The Zeppelin pack is being held in leash for a night attack on our fleet, or on our cities and ports. But not only are they compelled to wait for darkness, they are also badly circumscribed in the matter of the weather.

The Germans are left to boast extravagantly of the terrible work that will be done presently, when the fifty new Zeppelins are ready. It is likely enough that many Germans sincerely believe that a great fleet of airships can be prepared, and is being prepared, in spite of its manifest impossibility. Apparently, some English people also sincerely believe this absurdity.

OPPORTUNITIES VANISHING.

This is by no means admitting that with luck and enterprise two or three Zeppelins may not come across the sea and effect some damage; but with every week that passes it becomes more doubtful whether the utmost they can do is worth the trouble and the cost. Their chance of catching either the Grand Fleet or any of our ports and cities unprepared has now practically vanished. To that extent the Zeppelins have failed to make good.

THE THREE CRUISERS.

There is not on record a single undoubted instance of an airship of any sort doing more than the most trivial damage. As to reconnaissance, it is true our own small airships did service during the shipment of the Expeditionary Force; and it is said that a German airship located the three British cruisers and gave information, resulting in the successful submarine attack.

But it is probable that aeroplanes could have done this work equally well, and it is certain that they could have done it in weather in which airships could not have ventured out. All of which goes to show that present-day airships are at the best only to be regarded as the prototypes of some efficient war type of the future.

By next spring, if all goes well with her plans, Germany may have as many as eight or ten Zeppelins, including two or three old craft, and as many Parseval and Gross airships.

GOUREPORE MILL TRAGEDY.

FURTHER DETAILS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA Dec. 3.

Further details of the Gourepore mill tragedy shew that at about 7-30 p.m., on Tuesday, Taj Mull Hossein, a weaver, employed in that mill ran amok suddenly and apparently without the slightest provocation, attacked and wounded nineteen men—all fellow-workers.

The first man he attacked was Hossein Bux, who was working the next loom to his and who was only two or three feet away from him. He had armed himself with a countrymade knife with a wooden handle such as is used by most weavers at their work. It had a blade of about eight inches long and was well ground with a fine point.

Hossein Bux was busy at his loom when the assassin struck him in the back inflicting a fearful wound. He turned round to face his assailant and received a vicious stab on the chest.

Tajmul hastened out of the weaving section along the narrow passage between two lines of weavers, some of whom had turned round to see what was happening. The assassin struck right and left without the slightest discrimination and stabbed and hacked everyman he met in his way, till he finally reached the river bank.

Fortunately two of the European assistants of the Mill, Messrs. Scott Vygrow and Duncan Frier happened to be on that portion of the mill premises at the time. They followed in pursuit and succeeded in capturing him but not before he managed to throw the weapon into the river.

While he was being secured a mill cooly fished the knife out of the water. It was then found that no fewer than nineteen men, Hindus and Mahomedans, had been frightfully injured. Four of these already died; two more died later in hospital and of the remainder all are seriously wounded with the exception of two.

The police enquiry is not yet completed. The murderer alleges a previous quarrel with the first victim. The latter who is still alive denies any dispute. The prisoner is a small slim man of twenty-six years of age with a previous history, it is alleged, of intemperance and "ganja" smoking.

HOW THE FRENCH HONOUR OUR DEAD.

TOUCHING SCENES AT ENGLISH SOLDIERS' GRAVES.

The London correspondent of a contemporary writes:—

The pleasant hope of the Germans who judge everybody by themselves that there would be serious friction between the Allies in the Western theatre of war before many weeks elapsed has not been realised. The War has lasted three months and on all sides there are indications that the entente between the French and British commanders was never so cordial. I had almost written affectionate—as now. As to the civil population they cannot do enough for our gallant men and the extracts from soldiers' letters published by the newspapers are full of expressions of gratitude to the kindly, grateful French population. Here is one among many incidents recorded. A Mrs. Wilkinson of Hull has received a most pathetic letter from the Rev. C. W. Chavasse, an army chaplain, telling her of the last hours of her son, a young gunner who died from his wounds at No. 10 General Hospital in France. The rev. gentleman writes:—

"He was wonderfully good, and patient, and brave, and lay very quietly in the corner bed of his hospital tent. There was always a smile from him whenever I came to see him, and I do not think anyone realised how bad he was—through his bravery.

"He was a very good boy, too, and as he told me once, never forgot his prayers, and was trusting in our Lord Jesus Christ. He ought to have gone home on a hospital ship on the 30th, but another operation was necessary and prevented this. This was a sad disappointment to him, but again no one could have been braver or more patient, and then, on the 1st, came the sudden collapse.

"I was suddenly fetched to his side in the morning, and had just time to whisper a prayer in his ear and to feel him squeeze my hand when he became unconscious, and very peacefully passed away at 2-15 p.m. He was buried the next day in the cemetery here, in a special spot called the Sepulchredes-Militaires, a place reserved for soldiers fallen in the war, and the number of his grave is 58.

"As his coffin was being borne up the path with the firing party behind, a French lady was weeping beside a grave, but when she saw us coming she picked every rose off the tree which grew upon it, and stepping forward placed them on your Frank's coffin, This is only an illustration of the great emotion the French always display over an English funeral. They followed your son weeping in hundreds and have kept his grave bright with flowers since."

ALL SAINTS' DAY.

A Paris Journal, the "Figaro" publishes the following extract of a letter from one of its readers at the front:—

"Yesterday at the roll-call our company commander said:—To-day it is not your chief but your comrade who calls you together. Near our trenches four Englishmen who were killed here last month are taking their last rest. Would not you like to celebrate All Saints' Day by placing wreaths upon their graves, which are familiar to you, and which appear neglected? Let us get some wreaths and let us take them together to the graves of those who have died for the defence of our soil.

The men then disappeared in silence and went into the woods, where they bound wreaths of ivy and holly and the graves, marked by two plain crosses, around which shells were bursting, were covered with these tributes. The section, fully armed, assembled by the graves, and a simple but touching ceremony followed.

WARRANT AND DEPARTMENTAL OFFICERS DUE TO RETIRE.

TO REMAIN IN SERVICE AS SUPERNUMERARIES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Dec. 3.

The Government of India have decided that departmental officers with honorary rank and warrant officers of Indian departments (including Indian subordinate medical department) due to retire on account of age may be required to remain in service for such period as may be considered necessary. During the present emergency such officers and warrant officers will be borne as supernumeraries in their rank and grade and promotions may be made in their place with effect from the date in which they would ordinarily have retired on account of age.

THE KAISER'S CUPIDITY.

HOW HE "BORROWED" A BIBLE WORTH £230,000.

In the "Figaro" of 3rd Nov. a former aide-de-camp of the Sultan Abdul Hamid, Colonel Samy Bey, publishes an article in which he sets forth the thefts of which William II was guilty in Syria. He says:—

"At the mosque at Hazireh the Emperor William had noticed when on his visit to Palestine a very ancient Bible of 3116 pages, printed on parchment, valued at 5,750,000 francs (£230.000). The Emperor coveted the Bible, and as soon as he returned to Berlin he sent out professors with the mission of borrowing the Bible. The first mission failed.

"The Emperor then approached the Sultan. The German Ambassador requested Tashmi Pasha, the Sultan's private secretary, to be so kind as to entrust the beautiful book to the Emperor, pledging the word of his master that it would be returned. Tashmi Pasha believed in the Emperor's word of honour, and depositing the famous Bible in a casket gave it to the envoy of the Emperor.

"Since then, notwithstanding repeated reminders, William II. has never consented to return the unique volume, which is still in the Berlin Museum."

BOMBAY HARBOUR POLICE.

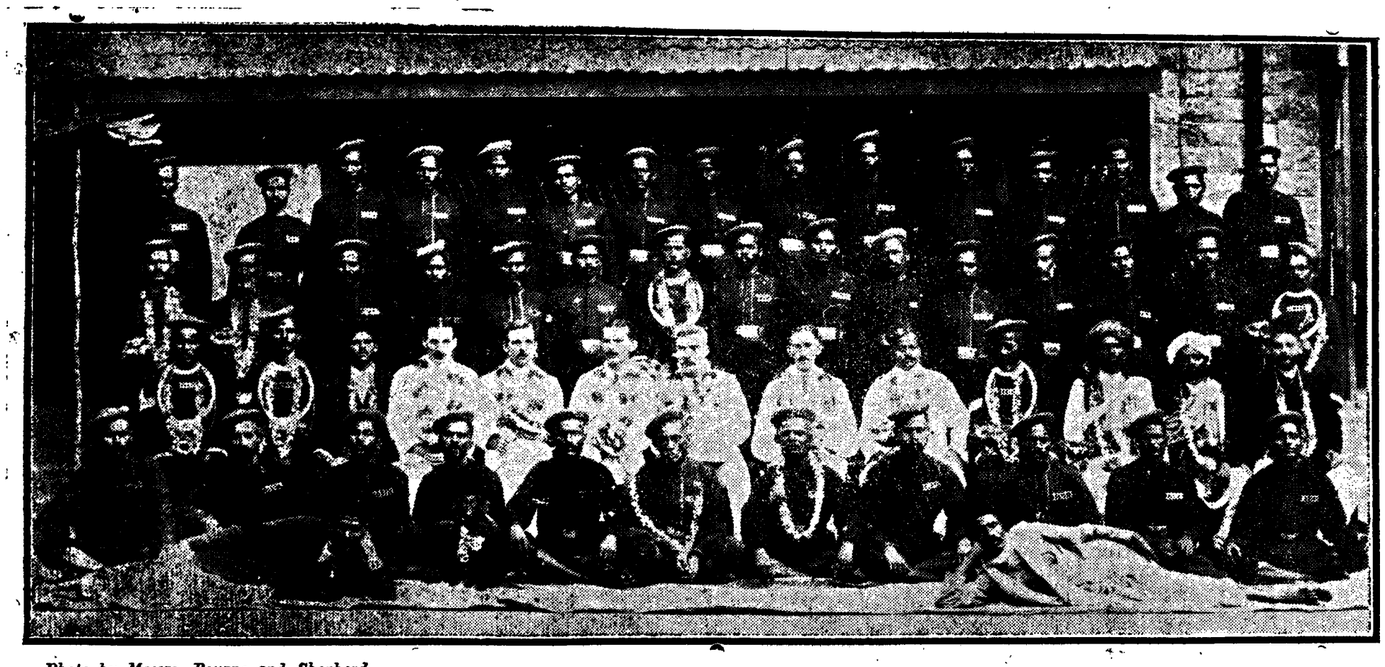


Photo by Messrs. Bourne and Shepherd.

THE ABOVE GROUP WAS PHOTOGRAPHED ON THE OCCASION OF INSPECTOR FLANAGAN GOING HOME ON LONG LEAVE.

ST. MARY'S HIGH SCHOOL.

PROGRESS MADE DURING THE YEAR

The annual report of St. Mary's High School, Bombay, for the year 1914 states:—

We close the year with 318 pupils in the European and 221 in the English-Teaching School; the rolls thus shewing a total of 539. There were 231 boarders, 21 more than last year.

The results of the different public examinations were as follows:—Out of nine candidates presented for the European High School Certificate examination, eight passed; five in the 1st Class with distinctions in English, Latin, and Arithmetic, three in the 2nd Class. One of our boys secured the Middle School Scholarship. Ten boys appeared for the Senior Local Cambridge, and seven were successful; in the Junior Local Cambridge two passed out of four. In the Bombay Matriculation examination seven were entered and six passed. In the Bombay School of Art Drawing examination twenty obtained certificates in the 1st Grade, one in the 2nd, and four in the 3rd.

The year has been rich in schemes and efforts for improvements. Anyone acquainted with the School would easily recognise that an addition of class-rooms, especially for the teaching of Science had become a necessity; that the dining-hall was far too small for the ever increasing number of children; that a verandah in front of the sick-room for convalescents was a matter of more than convenience; finally that the lack of a proper gymnasium for so large a European school was simply inexcusable. For the carrying out of these improvements Government was accordingly approached, and responded generously to our appeal by sanctioning a grant of Rs. 40,000. The year 1915 will therefore witness an extraordinary advance on the lines just described. Another proof of Government's good-will towards the Catholic portion of the Anglo-Indian Community on this side of India has shown itself in the transfer of the former Travellers' Bungalow at Khandala to St. Mary's for the small sum of Rs. 5,000. By the acquisition of this building the old problem of establishing a branch school in the hills has been brought much nearer to its solution.

Our Cadet Corps numbers 125. T. H. Potts, our popular captain, has again devoted himself with energy to the efficiency of the corps; and he must have been much gratified to hear the praise given to the boys by Brigadier-General K. L. Lean when a fortnight ago he inspected our cadets. In the Marching Competition our boys stood second, while in individual firing one of our recruits and one of our cadets came out as the best shots among the recruits and cadets of the Bombay Cadet Corps. In the competition for the best turned-out and best drilled cadet squad the prize was awarded to us. It is now exactly 25 years since St. Mary's joined the Bombay Volunteer Corps; and its history shews that it was a step in the right direction. The regular weekly drills and military discipline have helped to bring out what was strong and manly in the boys, while the manoeuvres, parades, and camp-exercises have fostered the patriotic instinct. Our company became a feeder of the adult companies; and in time of social unrest proved even an appreciable help for the preservation of order. But its crowning success is to be found in the fine soldierly spirit displayed by the many old boys who took leave from us on their way through Bombay to the front in defence of their country. One name was already found in the roll of honour.

SUMMER OUTFITS—NEW STOCK
Just To Hand

Tussore Suits — — from Rs. 15 | Silk Suits — — from Rs. 35
Soft Shirts — — „ „ 2-8 | Cold Neglige Shirts — „ „ 4
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A few Record Typewriter Sales for India:
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THE INDIAN TELEGRAPH—Order for 200 Remingtons.
RANGOON—Order for 24 Remingtons.
And these are only just a few.
There are more REMINGTONS in use in India today than of all other makes put together.
THE BEST TYPEWRITER backed up by the BEST SERVICE.
Whatever your typewriter requirements are we can meet you.
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Injections are often dangerous. Avoid them. Methyloids (tiny, tasteless capsules) cure in a short time; give visible results in a few hours. They always please.
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BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTEE.

(*Thursday, December 3*).

Lieutenant F. N. C. Rossiter, R. G. A., to be Political Aide-de-Camp to the Political Resident, Aden, with effect from the 16th October, 1914.

The King-Emperor has been graciously pleased to approve of the honorary rank of Lieutenant in the Army being granted to Meherban Shrimant Fatehsinhrav Shahaji Raje Bhonsle, Raje Saheb of Akalkot.

Major W. J. Ottley, 23rd Sikh Pioneers, to be Assistant Political Resident, Perim, in addition to his military duties, vice Captain F. C. Bannatyne.

Mr. H. R. Lynch-Blosse, I.C.S., to do duty as Assistant Political Agent, Kathiawar, as a temporary measure.

Mr. Ganesh Ramkrishna Datar, on return from leave, to be First Class Subordinate Judge at Poona.

Mr. Krishnaji Hari Gokhle to be a Deputy Collector, Sixth Grade, and Personal Assistant to the Director of Agriculture vice Mr. Yashvant Nilkanth Anandkar, retired.

Sardar Navroji Padamji, C.I.E., and Mr Abdullah Abdul Wahed are re-appointed to be non-official members of the Committee of Visitors of the Reformatory School at Yeravda.

Mr. J. T. Turner, on return from leave, is appointed to be substantive *pro tem.* Principal, Elphinstone High School, Bombay, vice Mr. P. Wren transferred to Army Service.

Mr. T. B. P. Lory, Educational Inspector, Southern Division, has been granted one month's extension of the leave on medical certificate already granted to him.

Dr. Accacio da Gama, L. M. & S., D.P.H., to act as Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Central Registration District, pending further orders.

Assistant Surgeon G. G. Bopardikar, L. M. & S., Civil Surgeon, Alibag, has been granted from the 20th September, 1914, privilege leave of absence as may be due to him on that date in combination with furlough for such period as may bring the combined period of absence up to eight months and nine days.

Assistant Surgeon R. S. Poredi, L. M. & S., to act as Civil Surgeon, Alibag.

Major R. W. Anthony, M.B., C.M., (Edin.), I.M.S., has been allowed to return to duty.

Lieut.-Col. J. H. McDonald, M.B., C.M. (Edin.), I.M.S., on return from leave, to do duty as Civil Surgeon, Thana, and Superintendent, Lunatic Asylum, Navpada, vice Major L. P. Stephen, I.M.S.

Major A. W. Tuke, I.M.S., to act as Civil Surgeon, Karachi, in addition to his military duties, vice Major A. F. W. King, I.M.S.

Pending the arrival of Mr. R. Haines, Mr. J. K. Williams, to act as Executive Engineer, Dharwar District, in addition to his own duties as Executive Engineer, Dharwar Irrigation District, vice Mr. A. X. Moraes, L.C.E., transferred to the Central Division.

The undermentioned officers appointed by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India members of the H. M.'s Covenanted Civil Service on the Bombay Establishment reported their arrival on 27th November and have been appointed to the posts mentioned across their names:—

Mr. Henry Frederick Bell, to be Assistant Collector in Sind.
Mr. Edward Gawan Taylor to be Assistant Collector of Ahmedabad.
Mr. Ivon Hope Taunton to be Assistant Collector in Sind.
Mr. Francis Charteris Davidson to be Assistant Collector of Satara.
Mr. Douglas Reay Norman to be Assistant Collector of Belgaum.
Mr. Godfrey Davis to be Assistant Collector of Ahmedabad.

Mr. L. C. Swifte, I.C.S., has been allowed extraordinary leave without pay (not on medical grounds) for period of service in the Army.

Dr. K. D. Khambatta, L. M. & S., L. R. C. P. & S., D. P. H., to act as Deputy Sanitary Commissioner for the Sind Registration District vice Major W. O'S. Murphy, M.B., B.Ch., I.M.S.

Bombay Volunteer Artillery.—Captain Bridson Kermode Goldsmith resigns his commission. Dated 27th Oct., 1914.

Tom Walters Venn to be Second Lieutenant, supernumerary to the establishment pending absorption. Dated 26th Oct., 1914.

Bombay Volunteer Rifles.—Philip Johnson to be Second-Lieutenant to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 28th Aug. 1914.

Gerald Ewald Overbeck DeSmidt to be Second-Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 29th Aug. 1914.

1st Battalion, B. B. and C. I. R. Volunteer Rifles.—The following to be Second-Lieutenants, supernumerary to the establishment pending absorption:

John Ernest Jackson, Richard Maclean, Charles Eustace Evill, and William Blake. Dated 15th Oct., 1914.

2nd Battalion, B. B. and C. I. R. Volunteer Rifles.—The following to be Second Lieutenants, supernumerary to the establishment pending absorption:

Percy Scamander Clarke, and Vere Norman Rowsell. Dated 15th Oct., 1914.

CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES ACT.

The following supplementary rule has been incorporated in the Co-operative Societies Act, 1912 (II. of 1912) by the Government of Bombay, in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 43 of the same Act:—

"Without the sanction of the Registrar, no part of the funds of a registered society shall be divided by way of bonus or dividend or otherwise among its members in any case in which the entire expenditure incurred by such society during the year has not been debited in the Annual Profit and Loss Account before the net profit was arrived at."

NEW WRAP COATS

The distinctive coats illustrated below embody the charm of faultless line and contour, giving to the wearer a stylish bearing which is quite absent from the ordinary type of overcoat. This season's models are most moderately priced.

"St. Moritz"

A roomy, easy-fitting coat in the new nap cloth, latest inset sleeve, deep collar and cuffs. In Navy, Emerald, Saxe, Tan or Scarlet, medium weight.

Price only Rs. 27-8.

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Our popular priced Tweed coat with deep collar and contrasting revers, in Brown, Grey, and Dark heather mixtures.

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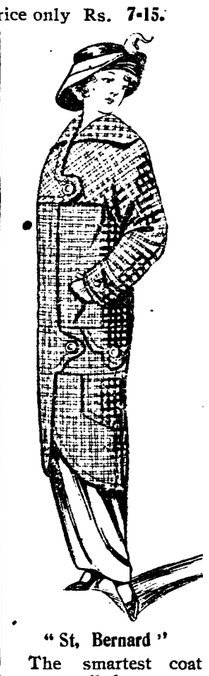

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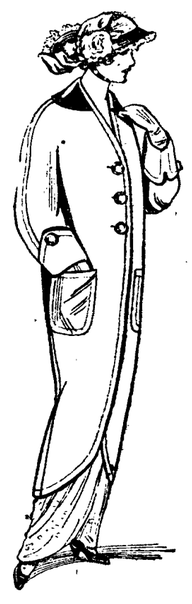

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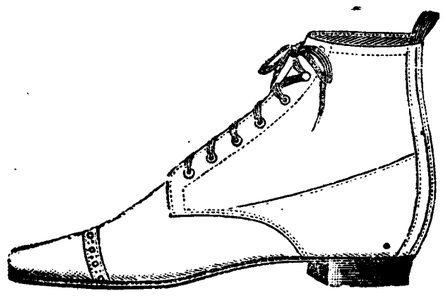

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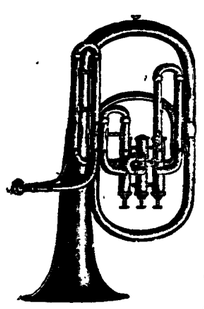

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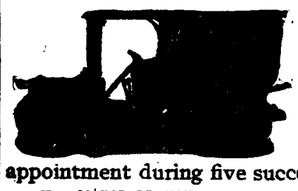

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